WEATHER.

Rain Turning to Snow; decidedly Colder Tonight.

VOL. 1. NO. 101.

WINCHESTER, KY., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1909.

\$2 CENTS A COPY. 10 CENTS A WEEK

BASEBALL FANS TO MEET TONIGHT

Paris Ready to Take Franchise if We Prof. Noyes Says Storm Will Reach Fail to Make Deposit Wednesday.

baseball wild and stands ready to or Wednesday. take the Winchester franchise if we | The following is the forecast sent drop out or fail to make our deposit out from the weather bureau at Lex-Wednesday, when the directors of the ington: league meet in Richmond.

Frankfort has incorporated and The weather storm of which notice stock and is baseball mad. Shelby- the Lake region with increasing force. ville and Lexington are on a solid The Dakotas and Montana are expefoundation and Paris and Mt. Ster- riencing an advancing cold wave, the ling are ready to take the franchises coldest temperatures being 30 degrees of Winchester and Lawrenceburg the below zero at Calgary. The effects moment they fail to make good. The of the storm will move toward Kenmeeting tonight will be for the pur- tucky and rain will probably set in pose of taking fina laction and fin- during Monday night; the temperaally deciding whether or not Win-ture will be high but will fall rapidly chester will be in the league.

of the baseball team the benefit of and following cold should be taken. their counsel and adorse. If the remaining 50 per cent of the proposed capital stock of the club can be subscribed between now and 7:30 o'clock in the league and the articles of in- Jackson to a Sanitarium in Louisville corporation will be at once prepared to be treated for the injury he receivand delegates appointed to go to the ed by accidentally shooting himself meeting in Richmond on Wednesday. through the foot a few weeks ago The promoters of the ball team have while on one of his drunken rampages. a splendid lot of players assigned, The absence of Beach from Jackson conditioned upon the club being or-ganized. We are several hundred among the citizens of that place. dollars short of the necessary amount and that must be raised today and tonight. We know that most of our merchants and business men will subbut are simply putting it off. No one is asked to pay before the first of May, but the subscription must be made, and unless we can get the necessary amount subscribed, Winches-for publication. What the committee ter will bea dead one on the baseball map the coming year. Let everybody turn out and push the project along. can be given cal-

HOW LINCOLN'S LIFE WAS SAVED.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Feb. 9 .- The from death by a bomb on a railway train in Baltimore.

Mrs. Coggeshall comes of a prominent family, and her husband, now Special to The News. dead, was one of the closest friends of Lincoln, who, after the war, sent him as Minister to Ecudor.

His wife's story, made public today for the first time, is as follows: ton to take office after his first election, and Coggeshall joined him at Columbus, O. At Harrisburg, Pa., word reached them that an attempt to assassinate the President would be made at Baltimore.

Immediately precautions were taken and a pilot engine preceded the train to see that he track was clear. Lincoln and Coggeshall were changing cars at Baltimore when the latter saw they were just leaving.

Without hesitation he shoved the President-elect onto the platform, grabbed the bomb and flung it through the window. So far as any one knows, it never exploded. Lincoln stood silent a minute, then he said:

safely. God knows best."

DISCUSSED LAND TITLES.

Mr. Lucien Beckner, of this city, addressed the Monday Club, composed of the faculty of State University at Lexington Monday night.

Mr. Beckner discussed the question of land sold to the State for taxes and on the Lexington pike Monday to Mr. today. nrged that it be turned over to State University and used as an educational endowment and at the same time acres. clear up some land titles in Eastern Kentucky.

On account of the absence of the teacher from the city this week the Friday night in next month.

LEXINGTON FORECASTER PREDICTS COLD SPELL

Here Some Time Tuesday Night.

There is to be a rousing meeting | According to weather foreaster, G. of the basball fans at 7:30 o'clock Harold Noyes, of State College, Lextonight to take final action in regard ington, Winchester will soon be in the to the franchise for Winchester. The grip of another severe cold spell. Commercial Club of Paris held a Prof. Noves says that the storm will meeting last night and that city is reach here some time Tuesday night

General Observations.

sold three-fourths of its capital stock. was given Saturday is now central Richmond has disposed of all of its over Colorado, and is moving toward Tuesday night and Wednesday. The All those who have subscribed for rain may turn to sleet and snow with stock, and all those who have not yet the change in temperature. - The wind subscribed, but expect to, and all who shifting from the South into the West are interested in baseball are earnest- and Northwest will attain high vely urged to be present at the meet- locities. Precautionary measures to ing tonight and give the promoters guard against damage from the storm

EXIT BEACH.

It is generally reported that Beach tonight Winchester will be represented Hargis has been spirited away from

FAIR COMMITTEE.

The Advisory Committee of the scribe for stock to this enterprise Monday night in the Elks' club rooms. for publication. What the committee

GET YOUR OVERCOAT.

her husband saved the Emancipator dicates a heavy fall in temperature. one of the finest he ever saw.

FRANCE AND GERMANY AGREE.

"Lincoln was going to Washing- co, while Germany recognizes French following lodges: political interests there.

Y. M. I.

year. Mr. John F. Nunan, of this a hissing bomb in a seat of the car city, is a member of the Board of Grand Directors and was present at the meeting.

TO MEET IN RICHMOND.

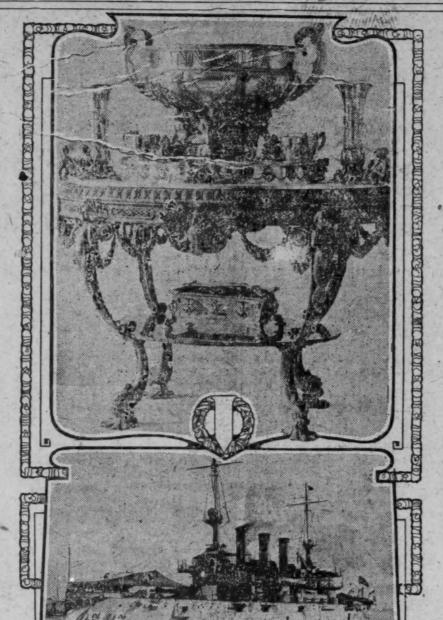
Blue Grass Baseball League will meet Coggeshall, did I not tell you that in Richmond tomorrow and the schedif you came with me I should come ule for the coming season will be ar- al in a dying condition. She declared ranged. It is said that there will be Schwanenam betrayed her. 100 games played by each team the coming season.

SOLD FARM.

P. H. Holloway. The price is private. The farm contains about 27

HOUSE AND LOT SOLD.

Chandler Bible Class will not have of the heirs of Mrs. Catherine M. city. Two new members were admit- tirely new line up will be seen in the their social meeting; but will meet Kohlhass a residence on Buckner ted at one of their recent meetings broom ball game and no one will know with Mr. Geo. Tomlinson the second street, for \$1 and other considera- and several other applications have who they are until they unmask.



SILVER SERVICE PRESENTED BY STATE OF MINNESOTA TO BATTLESHIP OF THAT NAME.

The sliver service ordered by the state of Minnesota for its namesake in the navy is the most elaborate thing of its kind aboard any American ship. It consists of forty pieces besides the bronze table on which it rests. The punch bowl is twenty-one and one-half inches in diameter and fourteen and one-half inches high. It has a capacity of seventy-five pints. It weighs 1,000 ounces.

ANNUAL BANQUET

Commercial Club Held First Annual Woman's Christian Temperance Union Banquet in That City Last Night.

The first annual banquet of the did will have to be added at the Paris Commercial Club was held last fight to bring Kentucky into the ranks next meeting of to dige before it night at the Crosdale Cafe in that of the State-wide prohibition Com-See the weather report at the top B. R. Jonett, of this city, who made cates today, urging that the Legislatest and most important addition of first page in the right hand corner. a short address before the meeting lature be flooded with petitions "so to Lincoln biography is the statement This report is received by wire at 2 on "Knocking vs. Boosting." The that it cannot refuse to submit the of Mrs. Mary Coggeshall, who says p. m. each day. Today's report in- banquet spread, Mr. Jouett says, was question." The call continues:

K. P. DISTRICTS.

PARIS, Feb. 9.—France and Ger- Lodge of the Knights of Pythias met the hope of defeating he greater. But many signed an agreement today con- at Lexington last week and redistrict- this battle will be fought to a finish ceding Morocco, guaranteeing latter's ed the State. Mr. S. W. Powell, of and there will never be any comprointegrity. France recognizes Ger- this city, is the District Deputy of the mise. many's economical interest in Moroc- 16th District which is composed of the "The first step is to deluge the Leg-

Sixteenth District-Nine Lodges.

SHOT BETRAYER.

Special to The News.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.-Martha Eriehson shot and mortally wounded The Schedule Committee of the Ernest Schwanenam on the street and

FOUR KILLED.

Special to The News. POTTSVILLE, Pa., Feb. 9.-Four Mrs. M. E. Price sold her farm and workmen were iklled by a rush of esidence about one mile from town culm at the St. Nicholas Washery

CARPENTER'S UNION.

idly increasing in membership and best rube make up and impersonator, promises to soon be one of the strong- the prize to be awarded by the pop-Mrs. Eva Hughes bought yesterday est organizations of its kind in the ular vote of the audience. An enrecently been received.

STATE WIDE PROHIBITION URGENTLY DEMANDED

Urges That Legislature be Petitioned.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 9.-The city. Several of the prominent mem- monwealths was began here vesterbers of the Commercial Clubs from day. A call to the field was issued the leading towns of the Blue Grass by the State Woman's Christian Temwere present. Among them was Hon, perance Union and anti-saloon advo-

"Let no one suppose that a movement for State-wide prohibition will in any way jeopardize the county unit law. It would only enhance the chances of that measure, for the liquorites The officers of the State Grand are always ready to grant the less in

islature with petitions so they will not dare to refuse to submit the question. S. W. Powell, Deputy, Winehester. Pastors of churches are respectfully Garrard No. 29, Lancaster; Ivan- urged to present this matter to their hoe No. 48, Winchester; Pilot No. 78, congregations. They and all others At the meeting of Board of Grand Ford; Diadem No. 81, Stanford; Paint who wil laid in securing signatures Directors of the Young Men's Insti- Lick No. 123, Paint Lick; Estill No. will be supplied with blank petitions tute held in Louisville Sunday, Louis- 159, Irvine; Madison No, 160, Valley by addressing State Prohibition headville was selected as the place for View; Camp Dick, No. 161, Bryants- quarters, 402 South Fourth avenue, holding the State Convention this ville; Normal City No. 162, Richmond. Louisville, Ky.. or Mrs. Frances Beauchamp, president Woman's Christian Temperance Union, Lexington, Ky.

RAN A TIGER.

William Buckner, colored, was fined \$120 and costs in Police Court Monwhen she was arrested swallowed the illegal sale of liquor. Buckner day night in two cases charged with tiger in that dark society section, known as Bucktown. This is the heaviest fine that has been imposed on any one in Police Court in some time. The arrest was made by officer John Ballard.

AT THE AUDITORIUM.

The best laugh producing entertainment that has ever been put on at the Auditorium will be that of Wednesday night. The Ribe Carnival and The carpenter's union that was re- broom ball game, Rube vs. Tramp. A cently organized in this city is rap- handsome prize will be given to the Skating from 7:30 until 11 o'clock.

DEFINES POLICY

President Sends Telegram to Cali- Cromwell Appears Before Grand Jury fornia Legislator-First Holds Conference.

Washington, Feb. 9 .- "The policy of the administration is to combine the maximum of efficiency in achievwith the minimum of friction and trouble, while the misguided men who advocate such action as this against which I protest are following a policy waich combines the very minimum of efficiency with the maximum of insult, and which, while totally failing to achieve any real result for good, yet might accomplish an infinity of harm." In this language President Roosevelt, in a long telegram to Speaker P. A. Stanton of the California assemby, set forth the government's view of the anti-Japanese school legislation before that body.

The telegram to Speaker Stanton was sent only after a conference with Senator Flint and Representative Kahn of California and F. K. Lane of the interstate commerce commission. To Speaker Stanton the president sent the following:

"I trust there will be no misunderstanding of the federal government's attitude. We are zealously endeavoring to guard the interest of California and of the entire west in accordance with the desires of our western people. By friendly agreement with Japan we are now carrying out a policy which, while meeting the interests and desires of the Pacific slope, is yet compatible not merely with mutual self-respect, but with mutual esteem and admiration between the Americans and Japanese.

"The Japanese government is loyally and in good faith doing its part to carry out this policy, precisely as the American government is doing. The policy aims at mutuality and obligation and behavior. In accordance with it the purpose is that the Japanese shall come here exactly as Americans go to Japan, which is in effect that travelers, students, per sons engaged in international business, men who sojourn for pleasure or study, and the like, shall have the freest access from one country to the other and shall be sure of the best treatment, but that there shall be no settlement in mass by the people of either country in the other.

"During the last six months under this policy more Japanese have left the country than have come in, and the total number in the United States has diminished by over 2,000. These figures are absolutely accurate and can not be impeached. In other words, if the present policy is consistently followed and works as well in the future as it is now working, all difficulties and causes of friction will disappear, while at the same time each nation will retain its selfrespect and the good will of the other. But such a bill as this school bill accomplishes literally nothing whatever in the line of the object simed at and gives just and grave cause for irritation; while in addition the United States government would be obliged immediately to take action in the federal courts to test such legislation, as we hold it to be clearly a violation of the treaty.

"On this point I refer you to the numerous decisions of the United States supreme court in regard to state laws which violate treaty obligations of the United States. The legislation would accomplish nothing beneficial and would certainly cause some mischief, and might cause very grave mischief. In short, the policy of the administration is to combine the maximum of efficiency in achieving the real object which the people of the Pacific slope have at heart, with the minimum of friction and trouble, while the misguided men who advocate such action as this against which I protest are following a policy which combines the very minimum of efficiency with the maximum of insult, and which, while totally failing to achieve any real results for good, yet might accomplish an infinity of

"If in the next year or two the action of the federal government fails to achieve what it is now achieving, then through the further action of the president and congress it can be made entirely efficient. I am sure that the sound judgment of the people of California will support you, Mr. Speaker, in your efforts. Let me repeat that at present we are actually doing the very thing which the people of California wish to be done, and te upset the arrangement under which it is being done can not do good and may do great harm. If in the next year or two the figures of immigration prove that the arrangement which has worked so successfully during the last six months is no longer working auccessfully, then

(Continued on Page 8.)

WAS IN DEAL

-Reiterates Statement of District Jerome.

New York, Feb. 9.-William Nelson Cromwell, who was counsel to the Panama canal company of France, ing the real object which the people the rights of which were purchased of the Pacific slope have at heart, by the United States government, was a witness before the federal grand jury in the government's proceedings against the New York World and others, in connection with alleged libelous publications regarding the Panama canal purchase. Mr. Cromwell's testimony was on the lines of a statement which he made public on Dec. 10 last, in which he declared neither he nor anyone connected with his law firm, had any stock in the Panama canal company, that he was positive no man in public life in America had any pecuniars interest in the canal, and that Doug las Robinson and Charles P. Taft had no connection wth Panama canal

> When District Attorney Jerome was asked if he had dropped the Panama investigation, he said: "The prosecution in the state courts must take precedence over that in the federal courts to get results. A prosecution of the same person in the federal courts would be a bar to the prosecution in the state courts. I am not going to enter into any speed contest to get the indictment in this case, and until I hear from the attorney general that I am to have the precedence in this prosecution, I shall take

OHIO SOLDIERS MAY **GO TO INAUGURATION**

Adjutant General Weybrecht Appeals to Legislature.

General Weybrecht is desirous of having the Ohio National Guard well represented at the Taft inaugural in March. It has been announced that Troop A and possibly Troop-B of Columbus would comprise the entire representation from Ohio, but General Weybrecht has mailed letters to the chairmen of the finance committee of the house and senate, pointing out the cost of transporting troops and also the fact that officers and men were willing to forego their per diem if they were sent to Washing-

General Weybrecht said 500 men could be sent for \$9,400 and 2,000 men for \$32,000. It's now "up to" the legislature to decide whether the men will go, as Governor Harmon is known to be favorably inclined.

Murder Suspect Released. Ottumwa, Ia., Feb. 9.-Joseph Hopkins, colored, arrested as a witness in connection with the murder of Clara Rosen, who was beaten to death with a stone and hidden in an abandoned cellar, was released.

Indianapolis Gets Balloon Race. New York, Feb. 9 .- Announcement was made by the Aero Club of America that it had decided to hold its first grand prize race at Indianapolis

SOUND BATTLECRY

on June 5 next.

Kentucky Temperance Forces Open

Fight For Prohibition Louisville, Ky., Feb. 9.-The fight to bring Kentucky into the ranks of statewide prohibition commonwealths was begun here. A call to the field was issued by the state W. C. T. U. and anti-saloon advocates, urging that the legislature be flooded with petitions "so that it can not refuse to submit the question."

Lamy an "Also Ran." New York, Feb. 9.-In the amateur championship and novice skating races held at the St. Nicholas rink, Phil Kearney, the local expert, won the half-mile and one mile scratch events, while Edmund Lamy had to content himself as an also ran.

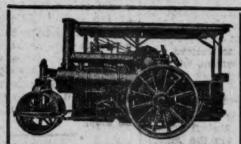
Vanderbilt in Collision. Nice, Feb. 9 .- A 140-horsepowe racing automobile driven by W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., collided with another car, and both vehicles were nearly demolished. None of the occupants of the two machines was hurt.

Telescope Designer Dies. Cleveland, O., Feb. 9.-Walter Morrison Allen, widely known as an ex-pert designer of telescopes, died as his home here, aged 42.



Clark County ConstructionCo.

Think of the mud and bill climbing tax



No Road can cost the Farmer's as much as a poor one.

On the Basis of Equipment and the application of Economical Business Methods, we solicit the construction and repairing of all kinds and conditions of roads, public or private, streets or alleys.

Crushed and Building Stone Always on Sale.

We purchase Dynamite, Powder, Cement and Sand in car lots, and will be pleased to sell same in any quanitydesired.

The putting in of all classes of Concrete a specialty, and satisfaction guaranteed.

An Advance for Winchester

TE have just installed at great expense our new engine and other machinery with which we are now prepared to furnish DAY CUR-RENT for light and heat, and power for fans and other motors.

Let us give you estimates on this and all sorts of electric lighting.

Remember that electric light is superior to all others. It is safe, clean, cheap, comfortable, convenient, ever ready. We turnish it on meter if desired.

Winchester Railway, Light & Ice Co.

W. P. HACKETT, GENL. MGR. P. S -We furnish Ice in Winter as well as Summer.

Citizens National Bank.

Paid up Capital \$100,000.

Surplus \$42,000.

WE SOLICIT YOUR BUSINESS.

Will give you courteous treatment and attend promptly and carefully to all business entrusted to us A. H. Hampton, Cashier. J. D. Simpson, Pres.

T. F. Phillips V. Pres.

J. W. Poynter, Ass't Cashier.

JUST STARTED

Our Paint Shop with an expert painter. We use the best of material and do the best of work. Bring your Carriages in now and avoid the rush,

T. Strother Scott.

PRICES OF COMMODITIES.

"Labor Should Reap Its Reward" le the Key-Note of Commerce.

The matter of prices and profit is always interesting, not alone to retailers of merchandise, but to consumers as well. There has been nothing that has been so troublesome to every class as the matter of prices. It is all easy, there is no great problem to solve, and it all rests in the little phrase, "labor should reap its reward." Cost is an all important thing in every product. There is the raw material, the expense of putting the manufactured article in mercantile form. It matters not what the product is, it is the expense of preparing it for the consumer, the price of the raw material, cost of manufacture and distribution that counts. Allowance must be made for an equitable compensation to all having a part in the production of any article of commerce. We hear of cut prices, of cheapness in this or that staple, but when it is given consideration, where is the cheapness? Every article has or should have a standard value. There is no good reason why the worker in the shop should not have fair, and equitable compensation for his labor. The manufacturer who has thousands of capital invested should have interest and pay for his time; the man who places the product in the hands of the retailer is entitled to pay according to his ability as a salesman, and the retailer should have equitable interest on the capital he has invested and compensation for his time and labor, Here you have all in a nutshell. The elimination of the middleman destroys one of the established customs and industries. When any article of commerce is placed on the market at a lower price than cost of manufacture and the expense of placing it before the consumer, somebody is the loser. Here is food for reflection, and sumers to think the matter over.

THE OLD HITCHING POST.

It May Be Useful, but is Unsightly and Generally a Town Nulsance.

That good old hitching post! What a familiar object to all of us who had the good fortune to be reared near a country town. Still, while tender memories hang around the old post, there is much about it at times worthy of condemnation. There is nothing that makes a main street of a small town look so shabby and thoroughly countrified and back-woodish as a row of rickety old hitching posts on each side of the street. Constant tramping and pawing near them makes holes in the ground, unsightly mud-holes in damp weather and ill-smelling and offensive in numerous respects. It may appear a bit of enterprise on the part of the merchant to erect a number of posts in front of his store, but does he gain business by it? How often do you see Farmer Shortcrop drive in, tie his team to the post in front of Smith's possible to keep the streets in the neat and good condition that they should be in. Far better to have on some unoccupied street within easy where the farmers can hitch their Every town which has the power to control its own affairs should make regulations that will keep the hitching post from "ornamenting" the main streets.

Merit vs. Prizes.

Premium schemes and prize offerings held out as bait to the people to get them to use certain brands of goods should be very carefully considered. The most common plan is the certificate deal, by which is promised some article represented to be worth the total amount paid for goods, if only a certain number be saved. Common business sense assures that when such a proposition is made the goods must be of an inferior quality, or that there is a catch somewhere. Goods of merit do not have to carry a prize in order that they be in demand. People are quick to buy goods of merit, particularly in the staple line, if they know of them. Of the standard brands of foodstuffs, of cigars, of thread, of different other things, how many are giving prizes? This is not the case with numerous classes of goods that are sold with a premium attachment. Most of them are of inferior quality and the price paid for them more than covers the cost of the premium given. It is the old glimmer of getting something for nothing, and the women who want trading stamps, or a prize with their purchases, pay pretty dearly "for their whistles."

Unwise Competition.

There cannot be a doubt but that competition stimulates trade; but trade is the natural outgrowth of civilization and found its origin when intelligent man discovered that he had a few wants, and that they could be supplied by commodities others possessed and which he did not have himself, and that he had a surplus of things that he could trade for articles others had and which he needed. Thus it can be seen that want, demand, supply, all go to make up that which is the life of trade. Competition is merely an indication of a man's ambition to es cel his neighbor, to gain more in barter and trade than what would in ordinary channels come to him. It to merely to seek, to reach out after things desired. From the fact that 90 per cent. of these who engage in the mercantile business fail, it seems more appropriate to say that competiflom unhealthy and not directed by sound judgment, instead of being the life of trade, is one of its fatal dis-

HURT HOME TRADE

WHAT GREEDY, SHORT-SIGHTED PEOPLE DO.

THAT KILL CUSTOM

Fair Treatment by Tradesmen Assists in Building Up Towns and Increases Business for AII.

One of the troubles in small towns seems to be that petty jealousies keep the business men from working in harmony. There is just so much business to be had, and it either goes to the home stores, the mail order houses. the department stores or some nearby city, or perhaps is let go to a more progressive neighboring town. It should be the aim of every town to make its trade territory as large as possible. It is the attitude of the business men that counts. One good, live man in business in a small town brings trade to all. People are swayed to and fro by opinions that are formed sometimes without careful reasoning. It is the best policy to treat each and every one fairly and Let the average farmer think that

he has been given the worst end of

a bargain, and he will ponder over the

matter for years. It is not a good

idea for a merchant to have a scale

of prices for different customers. Charge John Jones \$12 for a suit of clothes, and sell the same suit to his neighbor, Jim Smith, for \$11, and Jones will find it out and feel that he has been treated unfairly, and Jones is right about it, too. There is one town, a county seat, in a western state, a place of nearly 3,000 populait behooves the merchants and con- tion. Its trade territory extends for 870. a dozen miles in each direction. The country has a large foreign population. They are the best classes of customers, liberal buyers and not quibblers over prices. Still, they desire just treatment. A few years ago thousands of dollars in trade was diverted from the town through a dealer in agricultural implements being a poor business man. A wealthy German purchased from him several hundred dollars' worth of agricultural machinery, wagons and other goods. The farmer wanted a harrow. price was made-\$33. A few days later the farmer was at a town where there were but two stores and an elevator. He saw the same kind of harrow and was told that \$28.50 would buy it. He visited the county seat a few days later, called on the man from whom he purchased his implements and again asked the price of the harrow, and was told the same as before. He then stated that the same make and kind of harrow had been offered him for \$4.50 less. After some talk he was told that he could have the piece of machinery for the store and go over to Green's to do his same price. He did not take it, but trading? As long as hitching posts are secured the one offered him by the Monday September, first Monday in allowed to occupy places in front of man in the smaller town. He did not December, J. M. Benton, Judge; B. n streets it will be im- like the style of the dealer in the larger town. In fact, he concluded that the other storekeepers of the place were of the same caliber. He guit trading, and not alone was his reach of the business sections posts trade lost to the county seat town, but the trade of a score of his neighbors. and even they changed their post office addresses to the smaller place. The trade of this one farmer lost to the county seat was the means of building up a healthy trade in the smaller town and bringing to it other D. M. CARR.

business places.

Nonprogressive People. A commercial club, a business men's association or whatever it may be called, that is useful in furthering the interests of any city or town is a highly useful organization. The field for work is unlimited. Its extent is only limited to the power of the members to act and accomplish. One of the chief aims of all such associations should be to advance the varied interests of the towns in which they are started. Sometimes these organizations fail in their purpose because they are not started rightly. Some person who has nothing to do but collect rent, pay his money for supplies to some mail order house, and collect interest from the bank, or the ones whose property is mortgaged to him, is made the president, or given a place on the executive board. What is the result? The club goes under. Its usefulness has been destroyed even before its organization. The only successful clubs are the ones that are under the control of the live business men of the towns, who have made their money by their business connections and who depend upon the growth of the town for their continued success. Keep the knocker out of the commercial club. He is sure to be a disturbing factor. His place in the club affords him a place to further his own selfish interests, which in ninety-nine cases out of the hundred is in keeping back every enterprise that will possibly increase his taxes.

Giving Bonuses. The giving of a bonus to gain trade is prima facie evidence that the dealer is selling goods at a price which affords the giving away of a portion of his profits. Would it not be better to reduce the price, and with the saving to the customer he could buy whatever he wants? But the people want something for nothing, and think that they are getting it when they pay ten or fifteen per cent more than they should for goods, and in recognition of their deals receive a coupon or ticket for some article valued at about half the extra money they paid the dealer. As long as people figure this way, it seems that their wants must be satisfied.

DIRECTORY.

Kentucky.

According to the last census Kentucky has a population of 2,147,174. The area is 40,400 square miles; 400 of which is water. The streams within the State, as a rule head in the Southeast and flow in a Northwesterly direction; this fact retarded the construction of railroads and the development of our resources for many

The early railroads were built from the East and went over the more level territories North of the Ohio River and South of the Cumberland Mountains. In those days there was only a limited demand for coal and lumber. Now that the demand has increased. It would seem that kind providence has held in reserve our almost inexhaustible utilities until a time when they are most needed by the country. Our supply is a benefit to the whole place. He of timber is limited, but there is enough to last for many years to

We have a coal area of over fifteen thousand square miles. Other minerals await development.

Natural gas and oil, in paying quantities are being developed in many localities.

There are no more bad people in Kentucky than in other States in proportion to population. Good people regardless of politics or religion, are always welcome.

Clark County.

Land acres, 158,176. Value of real and personal property including franchises, \$12,004,-

Tax rate for all county purposes, 50 cents, on the hundred dollars.

The foothills of the mountains are on the Eastern border of the county, ties tributary to Winchester: the Kentucky River on the South, forms the county line for a distance of twenty-five miles. Ford on the river, South of Winchester, has extensive lumber mills.

Three railroads go entirely across the county-Chesapeake & Ohio, Louisville & Nashville and Lexington

& Eastern.

Blue Grass is a natural product. Uncultivated land will set itself in blue grass. Crops of timothy and clover can be raised with profit. Corn, wheat, rye and oats are the grain crops. Tobacco is raised in large

All fruits that ad pted to the climate can be raised with profit.

The census of 1900 gave the population at 16,694.

Circuit Court.

First Monday in April, second Crutcher, Attorney.

County Court. Fourth Monday in each month. Quarterly Court. Third Tuesday in each month.

County Officers.

J. H. Evans, Judge. S. A. Jeffries, Attorney. Howard Hampton, Sheriff. Lee Evans, Deputy. John Bedford, Deputy. J. A. Boone, County Clerk. Sam Powell, Deputy Clerk. W. T. Fox, Circuit Clerk. Roger Quisenberry, Assessor. C. A. Tanner, School Superintend-

W. R. Sphar, Treasurer. George Hart, Jailer. I. Brinegar, Coroner.

Justices of the Peace.

First district, J. C. Richards. Second district, J. Scott Renick. Third district, Eli Dooley. Fourth district, J. E. Ramsey. Fifth district, Robert True. Sixth district, F. F. Goodpaster. Seventh district, Ben. E. Wills.

Winchester.

County seat, area, a circle one and half miles in diameter. Population census 1900, 5,964. The city has over-laped the corporate limits and included in the limits of near ten included in the limits of near ten thousand. It is located on the dividing ridge between the Kentucky and Lick ing Rivers, has water works, electric street cars and lights. Unlimited natural gas. Splendid Graded Schools and numerous churches.

The Kentucky Wesleyan College is located at Winchester. The fire department is one of the best in the

State.

The assessed valuation of all property, including franchises, \$4,692,499. The tax rate on the hundred dollars is sixty cents for city and fifty cents for schools.

The C. & O., L. & N., and L. & E. cailroads center at Winchester the reographical location and shipping facilities make the city a desirable location for factories. New concerns are given five years exemption from taxation. The Commercial Club will take pleasure in giving information.

City Officers.

J. A. Hughes, Mayor. S. B. Tracy, Clerk. F. H. Haggard, Attorney. F. P. Pendleton, Judge. Riland D. Ramsey, Collector.

-CALL ON-NELSON, The TransferMan

by day or night, if you want your baggage transferred. OFFICE-Home Phone 94; Night Phone 339.

Conkwright Transfer and Ice Co Crating, Handling and Hauling Furniture, Planos, Etc., a Specialty. NO. 19 North Main Street. Both Phones

MENDING SHOES

is sometimes important as making them, it requires expert work to do it right. Our Repair Department is the most modern and perfectly equipped in town.

> SAMPLE SHOE STORE. 24 N. Main S:

Fresh Fruits and Fresh Groceries, Cigars, Tobaccos, Oysters and Candies. Home Phone 712.

Mike Joseph, 36 N. Main St.

You can not eat all the flour advertised as the best on earth and you can not make a mistake in us ing Mansfield's Best Patent or M: Lilly. Every sack guaranteed.

MANSFIELD'S FLOUR MILLS Winchester, Ky 11-13-3mo.-e.o.d.

COUNTY COURT DAYS.

Below is a list of the days County Courts are held each month in coun-Anderson, Lawrenceburg, 3rd Mon-

Bath, Owingsville, 2nd Monday. Bourbon, Paris, 1st Monday. Boyle, Danville, 3rd Monday. Breathitt, Jackson, 4th Monday. CLARK, WINCHESTER, 4th Mon-

Estill, Irvine, 3rd Monday. Fayette, Lexington, 2nd Monday. Fleming, Flemingsburg 4th Mon-

Franklin, Frankfort, 1st Monday. Garrard, Lancaster, 4th Monday. Grant, Williamstown, 2nd Mon-

Harrison, Cynthiana, 4th Monday. Jessamine, Nicholasville. 3rd Mon-

Lee, Beattyville, 4th Monday. Lincoln, Stanford, 2nd Monday. Madison, Richmond, 1st Monday. Mason, Maysville, 2nd Monday. Mercer, Harrodsburg, 1st Monday. Montgomery, Mt. Sterling, 3rd Monday.

Nicholas, Carlisle, 2nd Monday. Owen, Owenton, 4th Monday. Pendleton, Falmouth, 1st Monday. Powell, Stanton, 1st Monday. Scott, Georgetown, 3rd Monday. Shelby, Shelbyville, 2nd Monday. Woodford, Versailles, 4th Monday.

Pet Dogs of the Egyptians. Excavators in one of the ancient

Egyptian cemeteries discovered the bodies of many pet dogs. One of the animals had ivory bracelets round its legs, while several had collars of twisted leather, one with a leather lead attached. The teeth of many of the dogs were in a noticeably bad condition, the result of idleness and unhealthy luxury.

Of Learning.

Reading maketh a full man, conference a ready man, and writing an exact man; and, therefore, if a man write little, he had need of a great memory; if he confer little, he had need have a present wit; and if he read little, he had need have much cunning, to seem to know that he doth not.-Francis Bacon.

open them until the sunlight returns. Subscribs For The I ws. J. S. Reese, Assessor.

Tulips Like the Light.

Tulips are very sensitive to the

light. During a cloudy day they will

sometimes close their petals, and not

Police. Chief-Mal Tarpy. Deputies-Carral Azbill, Albert

Tanner, John Ballara. Board of Council. First ward-Shirley Hadden, W. P.

Second ward-A. R. Martin, T. L. Todd.

Third ward-Doc Pigg, J. Q. Boone. Fourth ward-J. D. Jones. Fifth ward-G. D. McCullum, Sil

Board of Education.

G. W. Strother, President. C. H. Rees, Secretary. H. W. Scrivener, Treasurer.

J. B. Cornett Harry Ecton, J. K. Allan. James Hisle, Zena Bruce,

N. K. Foster. Fire Department. A. R. Baldwin, Chief.

Jno. W. Harding, Secretary. N. H. Witherspoon, Treasurer.



SMALL FARM DAIRY HOUSE.

and Cleanly.

anxious to have clean milk, therefore, would like to build a small dairy house of the Country Gentleman, to which

I can appreciate the situation that our correspondent 4s in, for I remember being in just such a fix about fifteen years ago. At that time I wrote visited several dairy farms and finally thick. Curve the edges up with ce roads system. went to work and built a small dairy house with my own hands at very little expense, aside from the material. We were milking but a half dozen cows, but I decided to increase the



number gradually, as we made contracts to furnish fine butter to private

Bells, etc.

competent builders

and contractors.

They know we have

conscientiously striv-

en to turn out the

best from every stand-

point in materials and

workmanship. Again

our artistic designs

please those of culti-

always satisfactory.

WE HAVE IT.

There is no need, apology or excuse to go out of town to

get anything in

ELECTRIC SUPPLY LINE

Let Us Show You How and Why

THE TUNGSTEN LAMP

will divide the cost and double the efficiency.

We are the "Down-town Agents" for

THE WINCHESTER RAILWAY LIGHT AND ICE CO.

We do their repairing and sell and exchange lamps. We do

wiring and do it well. We install Motors, Fans,

All Character of Fixtures and Supplies.

Repair Work Our Long Suit.

Winchester Electric Supply Co., Herr Block

A High Position

is deservedly given to our careful millwork by

vated tastes, and the prices of our work are

R. P. SCOBEE SON @ CO.

-- The-

not like the idea of having the dairy oom contaminated with the odors of either the barn or kitchen, so built my dairy-house about half way between the two.

I made the structure 14 by 16 feet, and 8 feet to the eaves, using hemwas covered with German lap siding and a good shingle roof, and the building complete cost me less than \$50. I did all the work myself, and at this Building Which Will Prove Convenient | time of the year when I was not busy. Now is a good time to erect such a small dairy-house and have it ready "I have five or six cows, and am when the cold weather comes on.

I laid a wood floor in my dairyhouse at that time, but I should not not too expensive, and would ask if do it again. I should lay a good founor if not, could you tell me where to to prevent any bad effect from freezget them?" So writes a correspondent ing, and make it only just high enough to secure good drainage. Of course query the editor replies as follows: this would depend on the location and the surrounding surface drainage. Instead of putting in floor stringers and space up to the required height and lay ment to form a baseboard section about six inches high, and fill in between the studding. Finish the top surface with a strong mixture of cethe ceiling laid on the inside of the

The picture shows the interior of the dairy house, which was ceiled except up about three feet from the base to form a sort of wainscoting.

slope to one side, or end, with a solid cement gutter connecting with a good drain and trap into a sewer that runs out some distance from the building Such a floor can be kept clean by fretary arrangement I have ever seen.

from the barn. Each pail of milk was nually of about \$305,000,000. carried directly into the dairy and turned into the separator feed pan. The picture shows the separator in motion and the mistress of the farm manipulating the crank. She has customers in the near-by city. I did never turned the machine while sep-

HOW CANADA HAS GOOD ROADS

lock bill stuff for framing. The outside System Has Made The Dominion Network Of First Class Highways From Town To Town—How Kentucky May Learn.

Rome would laugh at and despise her, ed for life and good conduct. situated among mountains and valleys, stuck up, as it were, and raised you have any plans for a small dairy, dation wall of stone, set deep enough aloft, amid garrets, with poor roads, and with very narrow streets."

Just as in ancient times Rome was this respect, so the intelligent and for-seeing leaders of today are comto one or two farm papers for advice, a solid cement floor about four inches practicability of a universal good

General Road Conditions.

that President-elect Taft favors sell- statute labor system as the inefficment and sharp sand, two to one. The ing bonds for internal improvements. iency of it is being realized. Under top of the base should be flush with The report goes on to say that there this system fully ninety per cent of are in the United States 2,150,000 the cost of road-making is for men miles of roads, of which only 150,000 and teams, thus leaving a very small miles are improved roads; about 7 fraction for the purchase of material. with matched pine some time after the pe reent. The average haul by the The wastefulness of this system is house had been used for butter-making farmer in getting his products to mar- everywhere being appreciated and a purposes. At first it had no celling, kt is nine miles. A load of 600 better system is known to be availpounds requires two horses five able. hours to haul to market on an unim- In one county, where the old system The cement floor should have a good proved road, while a load of 1,200 of road-making is still in vogue, it On the basis of these figures improved amounted to \$280,666 and yet with Our dairy house was about 100 feet roads would result in a saving an- this great cost, nothing had been ac-

and histories that the country to the allowed to continue. north of us is largely a frigid and So well, however has the system of barren waste is a mistaken one, as the the general government worked that immigration of hundreds of thousands there remains but few counties in the of Americans into Western Canada Province of Ontario-out of nearly during the last few years has taught 100-where good roads have not been us, and it is only a matter of time realized, at least partially. when the greater portion of the country will be settled and populated perhaps as generally as Russia.

Building of Railroads.

the government by giving a large sub- it very successful. By this means the Atlantic were connected with those on receive the attention which their immore recent years the government receive the benefits of this act are has made a large grant to the Grand those which, if provided, will be the in process of construction.

grants for railroads to open up new roads leading to the principle marareas, it would not be surprising if ket-place of the farmers. they also made similar provisions for Then when the system is completed the network of highways that usually in one township, or precinct, it is the forerun the iron horse.

Our Road Beginnings.

American colonies, then having a pop- some cases all the roads lead to one by resolution, by-law or according to intelligent direction, accomplishes litulation about equal to the population common market center. In others, road mileage. In other cases it is tle good of a permanent character. of Canada today, built the old Nation- conditions are different. The aim is distributed according to the necessi- Some such plan as this adopted by al road from Cumberland, Md., to St. not necessarily to have a continuous ties of the case only, and this is the Canada would, if applied throughout Louis, Mo., and this had much to do system but to have a useful one. Ap-true and correct basis. with the pushing West of the early parently the so-called county roads pioneers of the countr" and was comprise about one-tenth of the total which the Highway Improvement Act And when we cease our tribute of doubtless a strong factor in settling road mielage of the counties.

area is, as mentioned above, greater greatest majority. than that of all the United States. But so far the efforts of the Government towards building roads has necries and British Columbia.

No Federal Obstacles.

eral good of the provinces as units of roads. arise. All inter-provincial matters are The enforcement of this act doubtregulated by the general government less in many cases means an increascharge of the matter of road improve- uent parts of the county as to how vast amount in labor and capital,

The question of good roads has ment. This deputy minister is under always been a vital one with all coun- the civil service rules, and like the ries. Cicero said that the enemies of judges of that country, he is appoint-

The Road Builder.

It is his business and that of his efficient corps of enginers to go to the various municipalities to give intelliaughed at for her shortsightedness in gent instructions regarding road building, and also to supervise the expenditures of government money as a hardwood floor, I should fill the miserating the shortsightedness of granted for public highways, and those who cannot see the wisdom and generally to educate the public to a realization of the nearness of the question to the public welfare. More than 750 municipalities in Canada are dealing with the question. Grad-A recent Washington dispatch says ually the country is outgrowing the

pounds can be haudled by one horse was recently shown that from 1896 in two hours the same distance on an to 1905 192,239 days of statute laimproved road. An estimate made by bor had been expended on the roads the Interstate Commerce Commission in addition to \$82,436 in money, Esquent flushing with plenty of water, places the total amount of products timating a day of statute labor at the and is about the best and most sani- hauled at 250,000,000,000 pounds. low price of \$1 and the expenditure complished beyond temporary patch Canada, being alreer in area than and repair. This amount judiciously the United States (not reckoning expended under expert supervision Alaska), it would seem, would event- would have built many miles of good nally have almost as great a mileage roads, and a similar amount expended of public highways as the United during another decade would go far States. For many years to come, of towards solving the road problem for course, a large part of Canada will the county. And yet in that very be unsettled, and the question of county the facilities for road imroads in that portion of the country provement were at hand and only for will require little attention. But the the want of any investigation of the old idea taught us in our geographies subject is the conidtion of bad roads

Care of Roads.

The legislative measure designed to improve the highways throughout the country is known as th Highway Im-Canada has built at least one rail- provement Act. It applies exclusively road for the development of the count to county systems and only through a try and has subsidized others. The county system can the municipalities building of the Canadian Pacific was receive its benefits. Wherever counaccomplished through the efforts of ties have adopted it, they have found sidy to a syndicate of English cap- roads are so classified that those most italists and thus the provinces on the important and most heavily travelled the Pacific by a continuous line. In portance demands. The roads which Trunk Pacific, for a line paralleling most used by the public and which the Canada Pacific several hundred will best serve the requirements of miles north of it, and this line is now the people in eac hsection. One road in each township (precinct) is im-Since the Canadian people have proved or perhaps parts of several shown a disposition to make liberal roads, somehow to make a network of

aim to have them connect with a similar system in the joining precinct so as to from a continuous system. Early in the nineteenth century the But this is not always feasible. In the funds will be distributed, either which, because of lack of system and

While hte population of Canada is termining what are county roads on witnessed. By this act one-third of to reach market at the proper time, small, only about 7,000,000, it would which government funds should be ex- the cost of improvement of county damage to property and often to perseem that over that vast area it would pended, are left to the judgment of roads is borne by the Government. son, these and the many other losses be a hopeless undertaking to build the county councils which comprise An educational movement is going on which we suffer from the bad mangood roads everywhere. The popu- a sort of fiscal court. The actual im- which is cumulative rather than rev- agement of our highways, we shall lation is scarcely more than three provements may be placed wherever olutionary. Over forty per cent of find that he cost has been small in times that of Kentucky and yet the they wil bring the best results to the Province of Ontario is construct- comparison with the benefits receiv-

Uniformity Secured.

essarily been confined to the provinces system of management and classificacontaining the major portion of the tion according to the traffic on the population such as Ontario, Quebee roads. It does not necessarily mean and the Maritime Provinces, and in a an increased expenditure on the part roads have been improved on this smaller way to Manitoba, the territo- of the manicipalities. It seeks to plan. The roads are being constructcombine the more important roads in ed on a permanent basis, attention one class and under one management being given to drainage, grading, covwith proper methods and machinery the use of modern road-making ma-In Canada there is no Federal powder scepter to rise up as in the United States when a question for the gen-

Too Much Goods! Too Little Money!

In order to equalize them we will for a while put our stock down at prices Unheard of for CASH. Our stock consists of everything in Groceries and Hardware and must be sold out quick so we have prices that will do the work. Come early and Get what you Want.

Parrish @ Bradley.

Perry Building

Both Phones.

You Cannot Answer These Questions!

1-Why do you continue bathing your knees and elbows one as a time, when you can stretch out in a full bath tempered to suit you, and can do so every morning if you wish?

2-Why pump and carry water for your kitchen and laundry work when you can have it at hand for the turning of a faucet?

3-Why take chances on drinking germ-filled cistern water when you can get it from a large reservoir filtered through the best filter plant South of the Ohio River?

4-Why have a dry, dismallooking yard when you can have it filled with green grass and blooming flowers, and can at the same time get rid of the dust in the street?

5-Why suffer other inconveniences when you can have everything for the comfort and health of your family right in the house?

6-Is it not true that the answer is not "lack of money," but lack of economy and enterprise and indifference to getting the most out of life?

C. F. ATTERSALL, Superintendent

Winchester Water Works Co.,

At cor. Maple Street and Lexington Evenue, will tell you all about it. You'll be surprised at how inexpensive these privileges are.

JOUETT'S INSURANCE AGENCY will on February 17th, pay \$5.00

to the person who first supplies the greatest number of the missing words in the advertisement given below. Mail the slip with the missing words inserted to Puzzle Department, Winchester News. You may have as many trials as you have slips. Slips will be printed each Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday until February 15th. The Editor of The News has the advertisement in his possession in a sealed package and the seal will not be broken until the night of Feb. 15, '09.

(Fill blank and mail to Puzzle Department, Winchester News.)

It will	worth for to fill
these-	—, but a policy of —, in —of —,
Ager	acy will be —— every —— it —— for.
1 3 Ye - 1 1	JOUETT'S INSURANCE AGENCY.
	Name
	P. O. Address
Received	М, 1909.

Throughout the parts of Canada to ment of our highways. is applicable a substantial and very toil, inconvenience, energy, loss of Those matters of detail as to de- encouraging improvement has been time, loss of money, through failure ing improved systems, of leading ed. And then our farm life will be roads. Other counties are falling in more attractive and more profitable line constantly. To date about \$1,- and our sons and daughters will be This act aims to secure a uniform 150,000 has been spent by the govern- encouraged to stay at home.—The

Lessons to Learn.

Thus it is seen that our sister counat Ottawa as are matters of inter-ed expenditure on roads, but this try to the North has taken advanced state commerce in this country. The increase is covered by a government ground in a most important economic, improvement of the public highways grant. With the main county roads and we might say, social question. It and all other affairs of similar char-disposed of, the townships ore pre- is a step which the States of this acter is the work of the Department cincts are left to do the work on Union might do well to consider. Unof Public Works. An assistant to the less important ones. A general der our present system of road man- start me and then I can go a while the head of this department has understanding is had by the constit- agement most States are expending a

the States, result in rapid improve-

Chief Justice's Golf Stroke.

The lord chief justice, on circuit at Birmingham, had a curious experience while playing golf over the Edgbaston course with Walter Whiting, the loc professional. At the second hole h lordship drove into a bunker, the ball lying badly under the bank. Taking his niblick, he hit hard. The ball jumped into the air and dropped into his right-hand jacket pocket.-London

Only Needed a Start. One night little Margaret, on kneeling by her mamma to say her prayers, finished: "Now I lay me," and forgot, "Mamma," she sald, "you just sing."-Delineator.

Sincerity and Accomplishment, Lowell: No man can produce great

THE WINGHESTER NEWS. An Independent Newspaper.

Published by The Winchester News Co. (Incorporated.) Office, South Main Street. Winchester, Kentucky.

Daily, Except Suncay.

"Entered as second-class matter, lovember 28, 1908 at the post office Winchester, Kentucky under the Let of March 3, 1879."

SUBSCRIPTION RATES. Carrier Delivery.

Daily, one	yea	ur.				į
Dne week						
Payable	at	off	ice	or	to	
avery week						
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	months									
	month .									
	yable in								1	

ADVERTISING RATES.

Display-Per Inch. One time, any edition \$.25

Three times, within one week50 Dae week, continuously..... 1.03 One calendar month 3.00 Four weeks, four times a week. 2.40 Four weeks, three times a week 1.80 Four weeks, two times a week. . 1.20 Four weeks, one time a week75

Time discounts-3 months, 10 per cent; 6 months, 25 per cent; one year, 33 1-3 per cent.

Reading Notices-Per Line.

Business notices, body type... 71/20 Pure reading, news headings... 15e

New Phone No. 91.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1909.

OUR OPTIMISM.

There is no city in this country where the citizens are so optimistic as those of Winchester. Optimism has had much to do with the progress of the city. It was optimism that built the two splendid hotels that we have. bor in your neighborhood satisfacto-It caused us to establish the News ry? the answer is, 'No, because the and to put in a perfecting printing press that will cost complete, over dy he answers, 'Give a pention to seven thousand dollars. Optimism every mother who gives birth to seven bought the first automobile fire wagon to come to the State. It has erected lows: business houses that are apparently To the Senate and House of Reprefar in advance of the needs of the city. It will build in the spring one commission on country life. At the of the best fire proof office buildings outset I desire to point out that not in the State. While other cities lag paid to any commissioner for his work in providing for necessities. Winchester anticipates the future and provides fo rit. We are optimists and are proud of it. But with all of our optisism we are practical.

THE HART STATUE. ,

Joel T. Hart is the man above all others that has added fame to Clark

We have produced men of wonderful talents and of renown in our own country, but the fame of Joel T. Hart extends all over the civilized world. . It is now proposed to fittingly hon-

or his memory at the place of his

The Valentine Skating Party to be given Friday night at the Auditorium by Hart Chapter, D. A. R., for the purpose of starting a fund for procuring a statue of Joel T. Hart for this city, should appeal to the patriotism of all our neople.

All honor to the noble women that are promoting this commendable work.

One of the absurdities of our system of government is being forcibly illustrated in the case af California, excluding the Japanese children from the Public Schools. Our government has a treaty with Japan by which the rights of the citizens of the two countries are to be equal, whether a Jap is in America, or an American in experiment stations, the Farmers' un-Japan.

Now we have a State that repudiates that treaty. The question will some day have to be settled whether this is a nation with power to enforce it treaties or a conglomerate collection of Commonwealhs, any one of which at will can nullify th action of the government.

Might Be Good Scheme. Dryden married Lady Elizabeth Howard, a shrew of marked ability. She complained that he showed her no attention, and wished herself a book that he might enjoy more of her society. "Wish yourself an almanac, my dear; then I could change you every

FARM LIFE MESSAGE.

President Tells of Country Needs.

....\$5.20 COMMISSION'S REPORT.

More Profit and Satisfaction to Farmers Should Result From Its Work.

Washington, Feb. 9. - President Roosevelt sent to congress today a special message transmitting the report of the country life commission, appointed by him to investigate the conditions of life on the farms of the country and to make recommendations of ways and means whereby farm life may be made more remunerative and Whether the constant draining away

stress upon the fact that the farmers and their families are the stay and strength of the country and that whatever tends to make their lives less burdensome or unattractive is necessary to the interests of the nation. He praises the work of the members of the commission, who, as he says, have labored without pay and do not now ask compensation for their work. The only recommendation in the message is the request for an appropriation of \$25,000 to enable the commission to digest the material it has collected and put it in such shape that it will be available for the nation.

In an appendix to the message, preceding the report of the commission. the president comments on the replies made by a Missouri farmer to the questions asked by the commission. "Tothe question, 'Is the supply of farm lapeople have gone out of the baby business,' and when asked as to the remeliving boys on American soll."

The president's message is as fol-

sentatives:

I transmit herewith the report of the a dollar of the public money has been on the commission.

The report shows the general condition of farming life in the open country and points out its larger problems. It indicates ways in which the government, national and state, may show the people how to solve some of these problems, and it suggests a continuange of the work which the commis-

Methods of the Commission.

Judging by thirty public hearings, to which farmers and farmers' wives from forty states and territories came, tion which is being given by the and from 120,000 answers to printed questions sent out by the department of agriculture, the commission finds that the general level of country life is high compared with any preceding time or with any other land. If it has in recent years slipped down in some places, it has risen in more places. Its progress has been general, if not

Yet farming does not yield either the profit or the satisfaction that it ought to yield and may be made to yield. There is discontent in the country and in places discouragement. Farmers as a class do not magnify their calling. and the movement to the towns, though, I am happy to say, less than formerly, is still strong.

How Farmers Can Help Themselves. Under our system it is helpful to promote discussion of ways in which the people can help themselves. There as a are—three main directions in which plan. the farmers can help themselvesnamely, better farming, better business and better living on the farm. The national department of agriculture, which has rendered services equaled by no other similar department in any other time or place; the state departments of agriculture, the state colleges of agriculture and the mechanic arts, especially through their extension work; the state agricultural ion, the grange, the agricultural press and other similar agencies have all combined to place within the reach of the American farmer an amount and quality of agricultural information which if applied would enable him over large areas to double the

production of the farm. The object of the commission on country life, therefore, is not to help! the farmer raise better crops, but to call his attention to the opportunities for better business and better living on the farm. If country life is to become what it should be and what I believe it ultimately will be-one of the most dignified desirable and sought farmers to see clearly their own probafter ways of earning a living-the farmer must take advantage not only guish clearly between what the govof the agricultural knowledge which is at his disposal, but of the methods must do for themselves, and it wishes

raise the standards of living and of intelligence in other callings.

Those engaged in all other industrial it necessary under modern economic conditions to organize themselves for tion of their own particular interests in relation to other interests. The pean country have realized this essen- shall lead the right kind of life. tial fact and have found in the cooperative system exactly the form of business combination they need.

Now, whatever the state may do tosocial life of farming communities. It is, however, quite within its power country. to use its influence and the machinery of publicity which it can control for calling public attention to the needs and the facts. For example, it is the obvious duty of the government to call the attention of farmers to the growing monopolization of water power. The farmers, above all, should have that power, on reasonable terms, for cheap transportation, for lighting their homes and for innumerable uses in the daily tasks on the farm.

It would be idle to assert that life on the farm occupies as good a position in dignity, desirability and business results as the farmers might easily give it if they chose. One of the chief difficulties is the failure of country life as it exists at present to satisfy the higher social and intellectual aspirations of country people. of so much of the best elements in the In the message the president lays rural population into the towns is due chiefly to this cause or to the superior business opportunities of city life may be open to question, But no one at all familiar with farm life throughout the United States can fail to recognize the necessity for building up the life of the farm upon its social as well as upon its productive side.

It is true that country life has improved greatly in attractiveness, health and comfort and that the farmer's earnings are higher than they were. But city life is advancing even more rapidly because of the greater atten-

nation as a whole, to realize that the growing of crops, though an essential and commercial callings have found part, is only a part of country life. Crop growing is the essential foundation, but it is no less essential that the mutual advantage and for the protec- farmer should get an adequate return for what he grows, and it is no less essential-indeed, it is literally vitalfarmers of every progressive Euro that he and his wife and his children

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Rain-Coats or Overcoats

\$15.00, \$12.50,

\$10.00,

Coats.

These Coats are extraord -

nary values neat and fancy

patterns. Don't \$8.88 fail to see them.

\$18.50, \$16.00

\$15.00,

Overcoats

The very best products of

high-class tailoring in

men and young \$12.50 men's garments

Extra values....

Special Sale

Sweet Orr Corduroys,

in large sizes mostly - \$2.48 \$3 and \$3.50 Goods

Rupard-Stewart Co.

Suits and

All sizes....

For this reason it is of the first importance that the United States department of agriculture, through which as prime agent the ideas the commission ward improving the practice of agri- stands for must reach the people, culture, it is not within the sphere of should become without delay in fact a any government to reorganize the department of country life, fitted to farmers' business or reconstruct the deal not only with crops, but also with all the larger aspects of life in the open

> Three Needs of Country Life. From all that has been done and learned three great general and imme-

diate needs of country life stand out: First.-Effective co-operation among farmers to put them on a level with the organized interests with which they do business.

Second .- A new kind of schools in the country, which shall teach the hildren as much outdoors as indoors, and perhaps more, so that they will prepare for country life and not, as at present, mainly for life in town.

Third.-Better means of communication, including good roads and a parpost, which the country people are everywhere," and rightly, unantmous in demanding.

To these may well be added better sanitation, for easily preventable diseases hold several million country people in the slavery of continuous ill

Organization Is Necessary.

The commission points out-and I concur in the conclusion-that the most important help that the government, whether national or state, can give is to show the people how to go about these tasks of organization, education and communication with the best and quickest results. This can be done by the collection and spread of information. One community can thus be informed of what other communities have done and one country of what other countries have done. Such help by the people's govern-



PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S COMMISSION ON COUNTRY LIFE.

zens of the towns to their own betteris of the first importance. Where as for purely agricultural reasons. farmers are organized co-operatively they not only avail themselves much more readily of business opportunities and improved methods, but it is found them together in the work of their lives are used also for social and intellectual advancement.

The co-operative plan is the best have the right spirit to carry it out. Under this plan any business undertaking is managed by a committee. Every man has one vote and only one vote, and every one gots profits according to what he sells or buys or supplies. It develops individual responsibility and has a moral as well as a financial value over any other

Farmers' Problems the Whole Country's I destre only to take counsel with the farmers as fellow citizens. It is not the problem of the farmers alone that I am discussing with them, but a problem which affects every city as well as every farm in the country. It is a problem which the working farmers will have to solve for themselves, but it is a problem which also affects in only less degree all the rest of us. and therefore if we can render any help toward its solution it is not only our duty but our interest to do so.

The foregoing will, I hope, make it clear why I appointed a commission to consider problems of farm life which have hitherte had far too little attention and the neglect of which has not only held back life in the country, but also lowered the efficiency of the whole nation. The welfare of the farmer is of vital consequence to the welfare of the whole community. The strengthentag of country life, therefore, is the strengthening of the whole nation.

The commission has tried to help the lem and to see it as a whole, to distinernment can do and what the farmers which have raised and continue to to bring not only the farmers, but the

ment would lead to a comprehensive plan of organization, education and ment. For just this reason the intro- communication and make the farmduction of effective agricultural co- ing country better to live in for inoperation throughout the United States tellectual and social reasons as well

The government through the de tivate any man's farm for him, but it does put at his service useful knowlthat the organizations which bring edge that he would not otherwise get. In the same way the national and state governments might put into the people's hands the new and right knowledge of school work. The task plan of organization wherever men of maintaining and developing the schools would remain, as now, with the people themselves.

Money For Expenses Asked. The only recommendation I submit is that an appropriation of \$25,000 be provided to enable the commission to digest the material it has collected and to collect and to digest much more that is within its reach and thus complete its work. This would enable the commission to gather in the harvest of suggestion which is resulting from the discussion it has stirred up. The commissioners have served with out compensation, and I do not recommend any appropriation for their services, but only for the expenses that will be required to finish the task that they have begun,

To improve our system of agricul seems to me the most urgent of the tasks which its before us. But it connet, in my judgment, be effected by measures which touch only the ma terial and technical side of the subject. The whole bustness and life of the farmer must also be taken into account. Such considerations led me to appoint the commission on country Our object should be to help devolop in the country community the great ideals of community life as well as of personal character. One of the most important adjuncts to this end must be the country church, and I invite your attention to what the commission says of the country church and of the need of an extension of such work as that of the Young Mea's Christian association in country communities. Let me lay special emphasis upon what the commission says at the very end of its report on personal

thing resolves itself in the end into the question of personality. Neither society nor government can do much for country life unless there is voluntary response in the personal ideals of the men and women who live in the

Plea For Farmers' Wives.

In the development of character the home should be more important than the school or than society at large. When once the basic material needs have been met, high ideals may be quite independent of income, but they cannot be realized without sufficient income to provide adequate foundation, and where the community at large is not financially prosperous it is impossible to develop a high average personal and community ideal. In who live in the towns. Given a suffiomes the factor of first importance of this county: mean that she should purchase ease at mother whose prime function it is to healthy children, then she is not entitled to our regard. But if she does regard even than the man who does heavy fine." his duty, and the man should show special consideration for her needs. I warn my countrymen that the Paris,—Paris Democrat.

great recent progress made in city life is not a full measure of our civilization, for our civilization rests at bottom on the wholesomeness, the attractiveress and the completeness as well as the prosperity of life in the country. The men and women on the farms stand for what is fundamentally best

ideals and local leadership. Every- and most needed in our American life. Upon the development of country life rests ultimately our ability by methods of farming requiring the highest intelligence to continue to feed and clothe the hungry nations, to supply the city with fresh blood, clean bodie and clear brains that can endure the terrific strain of modern life. We need the development of men in the open country, who will be in the future, as in the past, the stay and strength of the nation in time of war and its guiding and controlling spirit in time of

THEODORE ROOSEVELT. The White House, Feb. 9, 1909

COMPLIMENTS PROF. SHIPP.

In Winchester last week, Prof. R. short, the fundamental facts of hu. M. Shipp delivered the address on man nature apply to men and women the birthday anniversary of Robt. E. who live in the country just as Lee, before the Virginia Hanson they apply to men and women Chapter. His address is published in full in the Winchester Sun, and was hg, the influence of the farmers and an oratorical gem. Prof. Shipp said farmers' wives on their children be. of his father, the late Thos. Shipp,

in determining the attitude of the next "Seriously, I am proud of the fact generation toward farm life. The that when my father at Camp Nelson farmer should realize that the person was asked by a Union officer if it were who most reeds consideration on the not a fact that he sympathized with farm is his wife. I do not in the least the soldiers who wore the gray, he the expence of duty. Neither man nor impulsively answered, 'Sir, I am woman is really happy or really useful proud of the fact thatevery drop of eave on condition of doing his or her blood that pulsates through my veins duty. If the woman shirks her duty is Southern blood, and Ithank God as housewife, as home keeper, as the that, so far as I know, I have not a relative north of the Ohio River.' bear and rear a sufficient number of Don't you know that this reply, though a truthful one, made the officer angry her duty she is more entitled to our an necessitated the payment of a

Prof. Shipp is a brother of V. K. Shipp and Mrs. M. F. Kenney, of

Output of One Shoe Factory.

Ten thousand pairs of shoes are produced daily from a single eastern factory. Every 24 hours it uses the hides and skins of 7,800 klds, 300 horses and colts, 300 calves and 425

THE WINCHESTER OPERA HOUSE Feb. 11th THURSDAY EVENING,

MR. BOBBY NEWCOMB

PRESENTS

MARK SWAN'S OWN PLAYERS

-IN HIS GREATEST SUCCESS-

GOOD FELLOW"

By Mark Swan, Famous Author of "Brown's in Town," "Runaway Match" etc.

Beautiful Scenic Display and Enquisite Costuming

The Original New York Cast and Production Third Successful season—Eva Tonguays Biggest Laughing Hit. Special Reduced Prices 35c, 50c, 75c. Gallery 25c.

SOCIETY

HEART SOCIAL.

Evening, 7:30 O'clock.

at 7:30 o'clock:

W. B. M. by Mrs. Sarah K. Yancey.

H. MacNeill.

Rico and a visit on the Island with stereoscope by Mrs. Sarah K.

The following poem has been night. contribuited for the occasion:

Tho' fashioned with much care, Will give to you much pleasure, And information rare; If in its bosom you shall place, A penny for each year

That you have tried to help the race To happiness and good cheer.

Then come to our heart social, And let us tell you there, Of one hundred years of service, In seasons foul and fair-Of hearts that loved their fellow man, Of hearth that sought the right, And willingly gave time and gain, And labored with their might.

One hundred years of glorious deeds, In winning souls from sin. And showing them the "Way of Life"-The Kingdom-to enter in "Where the scriptures speak, we speak, Our slogan has ever been, Where the scriptures are silent, we are

We sepeat again and again.

silent.

Our prayer is the prayer of our Savior, That He prayed in the days that are

That all may be one in the Father As He and the father are one. We want all hearts united, In seeking the sinful and lost, And bringing at last to the Savior, A great, a numberless host

Then come, bring this heart full of pen-That mean years in His service well

Or, if you can't come, send by others, Whose hearts are in that direction heat. We need you-you need us-

Your presence will gladden our eyes So come to our heart social, We hope to give you a surprise.

The "Cr 'ing Club" will have its meeting with Miss Kathleen Earp on Saturday.

Revolution will have a skating party cess. Mrs. Wentworth as a charmat the Auditorium on Friday night, ing hostess and has the faculty of

Saxton Dance.

On the evening of February 22, the To Be Held at Court House This young society girls of Winchester will give a dance at the Auditorium. The young ladies are sparing no pains to make this a most briliant affair. One Following is the program of the of the features oft he evening is the Heart Social, to be given at the Grand March, which will be charmcourthouse this evening, beginning ingly led by Mr. and Mrs. T. Hart Robinson. The inimitable Saxton, The Centennial Aims of the C. promises to surpass himself in the program prepared, especially for the occasion, and an elaborate lunch will Origin of the Restoration Move- be served during intermission. The ment and our Pioneers by Rev. J. march will begin promptly at nine o'clock and all are requested to be A trip from New York to Porto present at that time.

> Bring your sweetheart and buy her a valentine at the Auditorium Friday

interest to many of our people, for I ntown Monday. both of the interested parties have visited here, have been received:

Mrs. William Holman Rice requests Mrs. Carrie Buckner. the honor of your presence at the marriage of her daughter Catherine

Dr. J. S. Scott Goodpaster on Wednesday evening the twenty-fourth of February at eight o'clock in the Christian Church

The Literary and Social Claro will have another of its interesting meetings with Miss Ana Mae Hisle on Satunday afternoon.

at Owingsville, Ky.

The Little Colonel Readers will meet with Miss Emma Thomson on Satunday.

Special Train.

Final arrangements were made westerday for the running of a special train from Lexington on Wednesday night after the performance of "The Kink of Kong." The round trip sailroad tickets are now on sale with points. Messrs, B. R. Jonett, Lewis R. Hampton and Walton Rounsavall, and are on the pavement near her home yesgood for an L. and E. train on Wed- terday morning and severely sprain- that that of making possible the innesday, February 10 to Lexington and ed her wrist. return by the special train.

You can have your fortune told at sprained her arm. the Auditorium Friday night, by al noted palmist. Come and try her.

The Fortnightly Literary Club Owings, of Mt. Sterling, spent several is in contemplation here.

The Opportunity IS YOURS

Why not get that DIAMOND this month while you can ge that big discount and Green Trading Stamps thrown in, too.

C. H. BOWEN, Jeweler and Optician.

pers were read which showed a great deal of thought and study in their preparation. The program for the fternoon was as follows:

great truths, and tell them."-Bailey. Industrial School for colored people: Hostess-Mrs. Wentworth. Roll Call-Quotations from Byron. "A pressing necessity . . beyond

Reading-Sir Walter Scott. Mrs. Goff. Paper Genre-Painters. Miss Hampton.

Music. Miss Croxton. Reading-Song of the Shirt. Miss Hathaway.

fastidious at the Auditorium, Friday when established will fill a much neednight, February 12.

PERSONALS.

Rev. William Cumming returned beyond computation. home this morning from an extended | I heartily endorse your efforts and because denying them calls attention join in the pilgrimage to the Larne visit through Alabama.

Mrs. Charles M. Platt, of Asheville, N. C., came today to be the guest of

Miss Edna Stricker, of Cincinnati, will be with Poynter and Lancaster "Of fundamental value to entire Com-

this season. She was with them last season and made many friends while

Monday and Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Prewatt Harris re- and sincerely hope it will succeed. turned to Lexington Monday after It is not a party matter, nor a sela visit to relatives here.

Sunday after a most delightful visit will not only be beneficial to the colto Lexington and Nicholasville.

Mr. Harry T. Grown was a visitor in our town Monday .

was a visitor in town Monday. s the great of friends here.

Mrs. J. D. Poynter and Miss Edna Stricker, of Cincinnati, left today for Chiesego, Cleveland and other

Mrs. Bettie Bowden slipped and fell

fell on the pavement vesterday and is helped to help himself the sooner

Monday from Mt. Sterling.

meeting with Mrs. F. B. Wentworth hours here Menday between trains, The Daughters of the American vesterday afternoon was a grand suc- on their way home from Richmond. too far away from this section to be upon Mr. and Mrs. Victor Moore, Kentucky. So the need of a Kentucky have ehristened her Sarah Lee.

Mr. B. D. Goff has returned from a hunt in Florida.

night for a business trip to Wash- to live by their wits, we have only

in doing concrete work at Corbin, schools, and we are solely responsible spent Sunday here with his family. for hie kind of education we are furposition with the East Tennessee Tel- hand work and to prize book learning phone Company.

day from London. Ky.

FOR THE COLORED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL

The following are some letters and "Poets are all who love, who feel newspaper comments on the proposed

Bishop Woodcock Says:

computation." My Dear President Frost-You have my deepest sympathy and inhave undertaken to provide a school the President on the subject: terest in the great work which you Talk-Byron, Moore, Shelley, Hood. for the colored youth of Kentucky of the Booker Washington pattern. you for your letter of the 29th ultimo, and complete all details necessary for a pressing necessity. No school of your daughter denied the story that I program. He will be on the ground Delicious candies to suit the most several hundred miles. This school, struck her horse or any other lady's and distinguished visitors and will ed want in its facilities in training young colored men and women as surd as not to be worth denial. Num-erous stories of this kind are started Lincoln first saw the light. teachers and industrial workers. It from time to time by foolish or ma- All official business will be suspendwill increase the efficiency of those licious people. Occasionally I am ed at the Capital during the day of

commend your purpose to those who to them and gives a chance to mis- county farm. Invitations which will be of great Mr. C. W. Brent, of Lexington, was would improve the prospects and ef- chief-makers to mislead well-meanficiency of the negro race.

Wishing you every success, I am, Faithfully yours, CHARLES E. WOODCOCK.

Governor Willson Says: monwealth."

My Dear President Frost-I believe that your plan for an Industrial Mr. R. D. Hunter was in Lexington School for the colored people is one of the greatest promise of usefulness,

fish matter, but of most fundamental Miss Ella Pendleton returend home value to the entire Commonwealth. It ored people, whose prosperity will be Mr. Stanley Woods, of Mt. Ster- greatly increased, but it will also benling, was a visitor in town Monday. efit all the people of the State in im-Mr. Holt Sutherland was home for proving the intelligence and effecta few days to see his mother, who is iveenss of all the workers of this

And it will not merely affect its own standents, but as these go out they pleaded not guilty to the indictment. Mr. Sam Baldwin, of Richmond, will be anexample leading all others to take more pride in skilled work-Mr. H. H. Porter, of Stanton, Va., manship and more pleasure in the comme occupations of life.

Yours truly, AUGUSTUS E. WILLSON. Press Comment: "Growing interest among the best

people." No more practical way of aiding

dustrial college proposed trustees of Miss Jennie Berry Wills slipped and Berea College. The sooner the negro he will be independent of white sup-Mr. William Shropshire returned port. Such work as is done by the schools at Tuskogee and Hampton is Misses Mary Gatewood and Bettie incalculable, and it is that work which

Both Tuskegee and Hampton are Congratulations are being showered within reach of many negroes of Fet ary 12. The public is invited to making the time pass pleasantly for upon the arrival of a young daugh-institution becomes the greater of ter to grace their household. They her guests. Some very splendid pater to grace their household. They the duty now confronts the public in Miss Mattie Woodson Barnes is the general and Kentuckians in particuattractive guest of Miss Mary Ren- lar to make it a fact."-Louisville Courier-Journal.

> "If we have idle and vicious young negroes in our community, negroes Judge W. M. Beckner left Monday merely with education enough to want ourselves to blame. We are furnish-Mr. W. E. Singleton who is engaged ing them education in our public Miss Lillie Myers has resigned her nishing. If they learn to despise as an end instead of a means to Miss May Weaver returned yester- right living, it is the result of our system."-Lexington Herald.

PRESIDENT DENIES HITTING GIRL'S HORSE.

daughter was mentioned in the Wash- to act as Chief Marshal of the Lincoln ington story, which was widely cir- Centenary celebration at Hodgenville. Roosevelt had struck the young lady's Executive and Col. Andrew Cowan horse while riding past her in the road chairman of the Kentucky Commishas received the following letter from sion having the affair in charge.

ing people by further repetitions of the stories. Sincerely yours,

"THEODORE GOOSEVELT."

Thirsting for Information.

Little Gertrude, entering a butch er's shop for the first time, stood gazing around her in silent absorption. Presently she took her mother by the hand, and, leading her to where hung a string of bologna sausages, she put a tiny finger on one big sausage and gravely inquired: "Mamma, what was this when it was alive?"-Exchange.

Mrs. Sampson Indicted. Lyons, N. Y., Feb. 9.-Mrs. Georgia as a candidate for Mayor, subject to

Wayne county grand jury for murder in the first degree, the indictment charging here with shooting and killing her husband, Harry Sampson, a nephew of the late Admiral Sampson, as a candidate for Mayor of Winat Macedonia, on Nov. 1 last. Mrs. Samspon was later arraigned and Democratic party.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago - Cattle: Steers, \$4 60@7 00 cows, \$3 00@5 50; helfers, \$3 00@5 75; bulls, \$3 45@3 90; stockers and feeders, \$3 00@5 40. Calves—\$3 50@8 25. Sheep and Lambs—Sheep, \$4 25@5 60; lambs, \$6 75@7 70; yearlings, \$5 00@7 00. Hogs—Choles heavy shiptings Choice heavy shipping, \$6 40@6 50; butchers, \$6 35@6 50; light mixed, \$6 00 @6 20; choice light, \$6 20@6 35; packing, \$6 15@6 45; pigs, \$5 00@6 00. Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1 12@1 13¼. Corn—No. 3, \$114c. Oats—No. 3, 50½@53c.

Cleveland, O.—Cattle: Prime dry-fed attle, \$6 00@6 25; fat steers, \$5 75@ 00; heifers, \$4 25@5 25; cows, \$2 25@ 6 00; heifers, \$4 25@5 25; cows, \$2 25@ 3 50; bulls, \$3 00@4 25; milkers and springers, \$25 00@55 00. Calves—\$9 00 down. Sheep and Lambs—Mixed sheep. 34 50@5 00; wethers, \$5 00@5 25; ewes, \$4 50@4 75; lambs, \$5 50@7 40. Hogs— Mixed, \$6 50@6 55; heavies, \$6 55; mediums, \$6 55; Yorkers, \$6 45@6 50; pigs, \$6 15@6 25; roughs, \$5 75@5 90; stags, \$4 50@5 00. East Buffalo - Cattle: Export cat-

tie, \$6 00@6 50; shipping steers, \$5 50@6 60; butcher cattle, \$5 00@6 25; heifers, \$4 00@5 50; cows, \$3 00@4 75; bulls, \$2 75@6 00. Calves—Best, \$9 00@9 25. Sheep and Lambs—Mixed sheep, \$5 00@5 25; wothers, \$5 25@5 75; ewes, \$4 50@5 00; City Collecter. lambs, \$6 50@7 75; yearlings, \$6 25@6 75. Hogs—Heavies, \$6 75@6 80; mediums, \$6 75; Yorkers, \$6 50@6 75; pigs, \$6 30; roughs, \$6 75; stags, \$4 59.

Pittsburg. Pa.-Cattle: Choice, \$6 25@ 6 40; prime, \$6 00@6 20; tidy butchers', \$5 30@6 70; heifers, \$3 50@5 50; cows. bulls and arags, \$2 50@5 00; fresh cows, \$25 00@55 00. Calves—Veal, \$6 00@9 50. \$25 00@55 00. Calves—veal, \$5 00@5 30. Sheep and Lambs—Prime wethers, \$5 25 @6 50; good mixed, \$5 00@5 20; lambs, \$5 00@7 80. Hogs—Prime heavy, \$6 90@7 00; mediums, \$6 35; heavy Yorkers, \$6 75@6 85; light Yorkers, \$6 40@6 50; pigs, \$6 20@6 30.

Cincinnati, O. — Wheat: No. 2 red, \$1 15½@1 16½. Corn—No. 2, 64@64½c. Oats—No. 2, 53½@54c. Rye—No. 2, 81c. Lard—\$9 30@9 40. Bulk Meats—\$9 37½. Bacon—\$16 00. Hogs—\$5 00@6 75. Cattle—\$2 60@6 10. Sheep—\$2 00@5 25. Lambs—\$5 90@7 75. - Wheat, \$1 12%; corn, 63 1/2; oats, 52%c; rye, 79%c; cloverseed, \$5 57%.

WILLIAMS TO BE MARSHAL

Governor Willson last night direct-LOS ANGELES, Cal., Feb. 9 .- ed Brigadier General Roger D. Will-Mrs. A. W. Rhodes, of this city, whose lams, of the Kentucky State Guard, culated to the effect that President February 12, next, under the Chief

General Williams was ordered to "My Dear Mrs. Rhodes: I thank proceed to Hodgenville on Thursday Such a school beyond all question, is and am glad to hear from you that the successful carrying out of the this type exists within a radius of struck her horse. Of course, I never to receive the President, Governor

who take advantage of its training obliged to deny them, but as a rule I the celebration, and every official and attache who can possibly do so will

Mr. Renick Robb and Mr. Bob Prewitt left Monday night for New Orleans. After a week's visit there they will leave for an extended visit to Havana Cuba.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

For Mayor. We are authorized to announce J. A. HUGHES,

Sampson was indicted by the the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce H. T. STROTHER

chester, subject to the action of the

We are authorized to announce W. O. HOSKINS.

as a candidate for Mayor, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

For City Judge. We are authorized to announce JUDGE F. P. PENDLETON.

as a candidate for City Judge, subject to the action of the Democratie

For Chief of Police. We are authorized to announce WOODSON M'CORD.

as a candidate for Chief of Police.

We are authorized to announce

HARRY W. SCRIVENER.

as a candidate for City Collector of Winehester, subject to the action of the I'emocratic party.

MOVED HIS SHOP.

Tom Cowan, the popular barber who was burned out in the Cour View Hotel fire, would like to have his customers and old friends call on him in his new shop in the Simpsea and Hathaway building

The Round-Up

A Romance of Arizona

Novelized From Edmund Day's Melodrama

By JOHN MURRAY and MILLS MILLER

Copyright, 1908, by G. W. Dillingham Co.

CHAPTER XII.

UCK M'KEE had not been idle ing of "Ole Man" Terrill. Havhad discovered only the fact that the murderer had ridden a pacing horse to the ford, McKee took full advantage of this fact. In the cow camps, the barrooms and at the railroad station he hinted at first that a certain person every one knew could tell a lot more about the death of the old man than he cared to have known. After a few days he began to bring the name of Payson into the conversation. His gossip became rumor and then common report. When it became known that Jack had paid off the mortgage on his ranch Buck came out with the accusation that Payson was the murderer. Finding that he was listened to, Buck made the direct charge that Payson had killed the station agent and with the proceeds of the robbery was paying off his old

Gathering his own men about him md being joined by the idle hangers n who are to be found about every own, Buck led his party to the ranch on the Sweetwater to accuse Jack and so throw off in advance any suspicions which might attach to himself.

Fortunately Slim happened to be at Jack's ranch at the time. When he entered the corral he found Jack's accusers and defenders rapidly nearing here"- began Sagebrush, in his anger

Jack was taking the charges coolly enough, as he did not know what support McKee had manufactured to uphold the charges he made. Slim informed McKee he would listen to what he had to say and if afterward he thought Jack guilty he would place him under arrest; for all concerned It would be better to go into the house. The Sweetwater boys surrounded Jack as they followed Slim into the living room. Lining up in opposing groups, Slim stood in the center to serve as judge and jury, with Buck and Jack at his right and left hand.

Inside the door Jack said: "Keep as quiet as you can, boys. I don't want to alarm my wife. Now, what is it?" The punchers hushed their discussion of the charge and listened atten-

tively to what the men most interested had to say. "Well, darn it all," apologized the

theriff to Jack, "it's all darn fool business anyway. Buck here, he started Echo.

Jack smiled sarcastically and, glancing at McKee, remarked, "Buck Mc-Kee's started a good many things in

Buck began to bluster. He could not face Jack fairly. Already placed on want to know whar yer husband got the defense when he had considered the money to pay off the mortgage on he would be the accuser, McKee took this ranch." refuge in the plea of being wronged by false suspicion.

got a witness to prove I wuzn't in them, Jack." twenty miles uv the place."

"Who's your witness?" asked Slim in his most judicial tones.

"Bud Lane. Me an' him rode over to the weddin' together from the Lazy K, an' I wuz put out as not fittin' to be there, an' by that very man there that did the killin'."

The punchers had to grin in spite of the seriousness of the occasion. Buck appeared to be deeply hurt at the unceremonious way he had been left out at the feast.

"What makes you point to me as the man?" asked Jack quietly.

"You wuz late gettin' to yer own weddin'."

Fresno could not repress his feelings any longer. He started angrily toward McKee, but Jack and Sagebrush held him back. The others were about to follow his lead when Slim motioned them back with the caution, "Keep out of this, boys!"

"I was late," explained Jack, "but I told you I rode around to the station to get a wedding present I ordered for

Jim interrupted him to substantiate the statement. Pointing to a desk, he said: "That's so. There it is, too-that there desk."

The Sweetwater outfit nodded in acquiescence, but the others looked in-

Buck sneered at the defense which Jack made. "Nobody saw you over that way, did they?"

"I saw Terrill. It must have been just before he was killed. I didn't meet anybody else." Jack showed no trace of temper under the inquisition.

"Of course you saw him before he wuz killed-about a minute. Mebbe you didn't plug him the next minute

The charge roused Sagebrush's fighting blood. Drawing his gun, he attempted to get a fair shot at the accuser. Fresno and Show Low grabbed him by the arms, holding him back. The foreman shouted, "There'll be some one plugged right now if you all make another break like that!"

Slim waved his hands over his head, driving the men backward, as if he were shooing away a flock of chick-

"Easy, now-easy," he drawled. "There ain't a-goin' to be nothin' doin' re 'cept law an' justice."

ck laughed sneeringly ot the

to do something to put more heart the bodice. in the days following the slay- into them and regain the ground he ing learned that Slim and his had lost by his single handed conduct

of the case "There hain't, eh?" he asked contemptuously. "Well, it's lucky I brought some uv my own outfit with

"Mebbe you'll need them if you get too careless with your talk," answered the unruffled sheriff.

Turning to Jack, Slim said, "This fool thing can be settled with one word from you."

The young ranchman listened to the sheriff earnestly. He wished to clear himself forever of all suspicions. He did not want Echo ever to hear that there was a false impression abroad that she was the wife of a slayer. "What is it?" he asked simply.

"Why, you paid off a mortgage of an even three thousan' dollars last week, didn't you?"

"Yes. What has that to do with it?" he asked.

Buck broke in at this point. Here was the strongest card that he had in his hand, and the sheriff had played it to McKee's advantage.

"Plenty!" Buck shouted. "Old Terrill wuz shot an' killed an' robbed, an' the man who did it got just three thousan' dollars."

"An' you mean to say that the boss making a rush at McKee. He was held back, but the disturbance attracted Echo and Mrs. Allen from the kitchen. Echo hurried to her husband's side. He slipped his arm about her waist, and together they faced his

"All you got to say is whar did you get that money!" cried Buck, who had seen Dick Lane pay it to Payson and conjectured that Payson dld not dare to reveal the fact of this payment, with all the disclosure it implied.

"Why, it was paid to me by"- Then Jack stopped. He could not tell who gave him the money without revealing to Echo the return of Dick. The whole miserable lie would then come out. Echo noticed Jack's hesitancy.

"What is it? What's the matter?" she asked in frightened tones.

"Nothing, nothing," he answered lightly to lessen her terror.

"Hats off, everybody!" commanded Slim in deference to the presence of

"Who are these men? What's wrong?" pleaded Echo. Buck bowed to the trembling wo man, who had thrown her arms about

her husband's neck. "Nothin'," he exclaimed, "only we

The request seemed a very simple one to Echo. All the talk of harming "I hain't goin'," he whined, "to have Jack, the high words, the threats, folks suspicion me uv any such doin's could be silenced easily by her hero. as the killin' uv 'Ole Man' Terrill. I Smiling into his eyes, Echo said, "Tell

"I can't," he faltered. "It was paid to him by a friend," bravely began Echo-"a friend to

whom he lent it some time ago." Buck interrupted her explanation. "Then let him tell his friend's name an' whar we can find him." Turning to Jack, he bullted: "Come on! What's his name?"

Jack closed his eyes to shut out the sight of his wife. In his agony he clinched his fists until his nails sank into the flesh. "I can't tell you that!" he cried in his misery.

"Of course he can't," sneered Buck, smiling evilly in his triumph. "He can't account fer himself on the night uv the weddin'; he rides a pacin' horse-rode on that night; he gets three thousan' dollars paid him, an' he can't tell who paid it. What's the verdict?" Buck did not wait for an answer. Raising his voice, he shouted,

'Guilty!" "Jack, Jack! What have you to say?" begged Echo.

"Nothing," was his only answer. "Tell him he lies!" cried Sagebrush. "Jack, we all know you. You're as white a man as ever lived, an' they ain't one of this outfit that ain't ready to die fer you right now."

"You bet!" chorused his men. "He hain't goin' to get off like that," declared Buck. Looking confidently at his own followers, he said, "The Lazy K can take care uv him."

Buck's men moved closer to him, preparing to draw their guns if need be and open fire on Jack's defenders. "Look out, boss!" warned Sagebrush at the hostile movement of Buck and his punchers.

"Hold on!" drawled the sheriff, who as the danger grew more real became more deliberate in his movements. "They ain't goin' to be nothin' done here unless it's done in the law. You all know me, boys, I'm the sheriff. This man's my prisoner." Pointing to Jack, he added, "There ain't nobody goin' to take him from me-an' live." Buck saw Jack slipping from his clutches. "Yer not goin' to be bluffed

by one man, are you, boys?" "No," his punchers answered in unison, crowding toward Jack, who held up his hand and cried: "Stop! I want a fair deal, and I'll get it."

(To be Continued.)

ONE - PIECE EFFECT

SECURED BY ADJUSTMENT OF GIRDLE AND TRIMMING.

Style is a Blessing for the Woman of Slender Means-Work Is Not Beyond the Home Dressmaker.

The blouse plays a most prominent role in midwinter fashions; for as satin-finished fabrics grow in favor, so do plain skirts, which fact throws the responsibility of trimming entirely on

The secret of successful blouseadjustment of girdle and trimming the effect of a one-piece costume, even though the skirt and blouse be separate. One should emphasize the importance of having the girdle match or harmonize perfectly with bodice and skirt, thereby forming a connecting

Earlier in the season, when the directoire sash came in, we saw many black sashes on broadcloth and silk gowns of other colors, such as gray, tobacco-brown, deep red, bluette, etc. For a time this picturesque style appealed, but now it has been abandoned



Afternoon Blouse In London-Smoke Broadcloth, with Braided Bolero.

in favor of matching sashes, and truly this is a blessed economy for women of slender means.

Any one-piece costume, whether cut on princess, empire or directoire lines, is an appalling task for the home dressmaker, but it is a comparatively simple trick to simulate these effects in a two-piece costume, when the material of the skirt is employed in the blouse and a high girdle is added.

In planning this season's blouse to match any skirt, it must be borne in mind that the lining must fit snugly and that there must be no fullness nor "pouch" at the waist line. The fullness is over the bust and shoulders, never lower. Another feature of the up-to-date blouse is the guimps, yoke or tucker effect, and the woman of slender purse will find that she can freshen her wardrobe wonderfully by introducing novel guimpes.

Our illustration suggests a stunning embroider quickly. As will be seen by reference to the plain model of the bolero sections in the upper corner. the foundation on this frock is very simple, but a girl who can braid evenly, and work solid discs of heavy embroidery silk in between the braid pattern will soon have a very ornate and effective afternoon blouse

The model from which this was sketched was a London-smoke broadcloth, combined with net dyed to match, a matching sash of messaline, and a touch of flame color in the embroidery. The guimpe was made of the coarse net, laid in broad tucks and fitted snugly into the waist line. The broadcloth used in the skirt formed the foundation of the bolero and was almost hidden by soutache braid in London smoke and embroidered discs in flame color.

The upper edge of the bolero was finished with teeth-shaped trimming of broadcloth, each finished with gray braid and a flame colored disc, while the lower part of the bolero had a finish of fine London-smoke ball fringe. A touch of the braid and embroidery was also introduced around the high

Pieces of embroidered crepe de chine, jetted net, braided net and lace in which fine braid or colored embroidery is introduced can be used to build this bolero.

Kid Belts on Coats.

A few of the handsome topcoats that have little trimming and are to be worn for the street show a leather helt around the figure at the empire waist line.

It is run through a slide of the material at the back and two more under the arms. It is fastened in front and about three inches above the proper waist line with a kid buckle.

Glass Napkin Rings. is a napkin ring of cut crystal. It is exceedingly pretty and decorative.

GET BUSY SKATING!

Buggies, Harness, Horse Blankets, and Robes Going at a Sacrifice. The Best Prices ever Offered in Winchester.

Everything carried in a first-class the secret of successful blouse-building this season is to secure by the harness and carriage store cut to the quick.

> We must vacate our present quarters immediately and must reduce our stock.

Buggies. \$150 Kaufman Buggies, rubber tired at......\$125 125 Westcott Buggies, rubber tired at...... 100 100 Buggies, rubber tired at...... 80 135 Cut Under Driving Wagons at

Harness, Saddles and Strap Goods. \$16.50 Harness at\$12 50 15.00 Saddles at 11 00 12.50 Saddles at 9 00

Robes.	Blankets.							
8 00 Robes at \$7 8 00 Robes at 5 6 00 Robes at 4 3 50 Robes at 2	00 2 50 Blankets at 2 00 2 50 Blankets at 1 75							

There are many other articles, too numerous to mention, that go in this sale,

MATT BEAN. FAIRFAX STREET.

Kitchen Furniture.

As administrator of W. F. Horton,

two miles from Little Rock, on

postoffice, stores, and school.

sell the following!

hands high. 4 milch cows.

1 Jersey heifer.

heifer calf.

splendid driver. 30 tons baled timothy hay.

1 2-horse wagon, bed and frame.

1 road wagon.

1 feed slide. Plow and lot of gears. Meat from five or six hogs.

30 gallons of lard. Household and kitchen furniture. 6 dozen hens.

15 turkeys and gobbler. 1 new grass seed comb. A lot of coal.

TERMS-Announced on day W. M. ROGERS,

Administrator and Agent for the Heirs. Feasted Two Days and Nights.

Commander Peary and his party, reland. For two days and nights thereafter they crouched inside their snow huts, eating continuously, and when they had finished, the pile of bones outside was "as high as a tall man's chin."

English and American Gallon. The English gallon is ten pounds of water at a temperature of 60 degrees Fahrenheft. The American gallon weighs only 8.33 pounds. The dif-One of the new trifles for the table ference, therefore, is 1.67 pounds. The American gallon is equivalent to 3,786

Administrator's Sale Administrator's Sale Stock and Grop' Household and Land, Stock, Implements and Household Goods.

As administrator and agent of the deceased, and agent for the heirs, I heirs, in order to settle the estates of will sell at public auction on the George and Susan A. Redmon, depremises, on the Paris and Little ceased, I will sell at public auction, Rock pike, nine miles from Paris, and on the premises, beginning at 10 o'elock a. m., on

Saturday, Feb. 27 1909 Thursday, Feb. 11, 1909. beginning at the hour of 10 o'clock, the following described land, stock, D. B. HAMPTON, Pres. B. F. CURTIS, Cashle

About 188 acres of land, situated About 145 acres of land, constituton Paris and Little Rock turnpike, ing the old home place of George Redhas comfortably dwelling of seven mon, situated on the Thatcher's Mill rooms and necessary outbuildings; and North Middletown turnpikes, 2 and is well watered and most of it miles from North Middletown, Ky., in grass; on rural mail route, in good adjacent to churches, schools, stores, idea for the girl who can braid and neighborhood, adjacent to churches, blacksmith, doctors, etc. It is in a fine state of cultivation; well fenced; At the same time and place I will abundant never-failing water. The improvements consist of an eight-I pair 6-year-old horse mules, 16 room residence, with bath room; cabin for servants; meat house, ice house; buggy house; graneries; stock barn; tobacco barn; two cisterns; flower pit; young orchard just com-1 horse, 5 years old, gentle and ing into bearing; fine garden spot, etc. This property should be seen to be appreciated.

Also, on the same day at the same place, I will offer for sale a new frame cottage of five rooms, situated 20 S. Main . in North Middletown, Ky. Lot contains one and thirty-nine hundredth acres of land. Has on it a new cistern. This cottage is now under construction and has never been occu-

I will also offer for sale, at the same time, the personal property of Susan A. Redmon, consisting of mules, horses, cows, sheep, steers, etc.; household and kitchen furniture, farm implements, surrey, buggy, cart, meat of three hogs, poultry and other effects of an up-to-date farm. TERMS-For land, will be made

known on day of sale. Terms for turning famished from their futile personal property: All sums of \$20 dash for the pole in 1906, slaughtered and under, cash in hand, sums over a herd of seven musk oxen on Hazen \$20, negotiable and approved note, island, off the extreme north of Green- six months, bearing interest at vix per cent per annum from day of sale. JOHN J. REDMON, Administrator and Agent for Heirs,

R. F. D. No. 1, Paris, Ky. E. T. Phone 45, N. M'town Ex. A. T. FORSYTH, Auctioneer.

Think It Over. When you avail yourself of an opportunity to get even with a man you furnish him with a desire to get back

THE NEWS by mail \$3 a year.

This is the season of the year in which skating will be enjoyed by all.

THIS IS THE BEST RINK IN THE BLUEGRASS.

We teach you free if you do not know how, either in the morning or between regular sessions.

AFTERNOON SESSIONS Admission 5c, Skates 10c. **EVENING SESSIONS** Admission 10c, Skates 15c.

This the time of the year for Accident and Sickness.

Let Us Write You an **Accident and Sick** Benefit Policy. It's the best on the market.

Jouett's Ins' Company, Both Phones 71.

HAGAN



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Sold Under a Positive Guarantee WRITE FOR CATALOGUE AND PRICES.

GAS ENGINE & MFG. CO

WINCHESTER, KY.

Clark County National Bank MAIN STREET. Winehester, - - Kentucky

Burpius, \$100,000. Undivided Profits, \$35,000 Organised 1856, being the oldest Bank in the city.
Collections made on all points, and your accounts solicited

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

J. M. STEYENSON-

Capital, \$200,000

Attorney At Law.

Winchester, Ky. ENDLETON, EUT & BUSK-

Attorneys At Law. Winches " . ** uc S. Main St.

SEE **GILBERT & BOTTO** Fresh & Cured Meats

Fish, Vegetables, Country Produce BOTH PHONES OPERA HOUSE BLOCK

GARAGE.

Bring me your automobile for repair or storage. I have an up-to-date Garage with a nice Waiting Room for Ladies.

> Chas. Hagan, Winchester, Ky.

Cor. Broadway and Highland.

Influence of

1809-The Lincoln Centenary-1909

By JAMES A. EDGERTON.

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as hard to measure the effects of any man's work and example. With one who becomes known to all dands and all time it would be almost as easy to measure the effects of the sunshine or the rain. The teast of the influence exerted by such soul is that which is tangible and known. The causes set in motion by his acts, his words and his example are so widely ramifying that

LINCOLN DENOUNCING they cannot be THE GOLD HOARDERS. traced. If these are true and durable they go on forever. They win and shape unconsciously. They are seeds blown about the earth, and every heart is a receptive soft foto which they may fall. In this view the results of Lincoln's life. toil and faith have only begun. They will furnish a light for men's feet and will lead them to liberty, truth and mercy so dong as America is a nation er there is a republic upon the earth. That Lincoln preserved the Union and freed the slave is much. That he showed as what American manhood can be, that he gave us an everyday Mustration of democracy, that he taught us charity and formiveness, that he proved to us over and over again that nothing is durable but truth, that he revealed to us how a high soul can evercome poverty and that he held before us the white example of a blame. less dife are more.

Fortunate is the land which has suck a man for its patron saint. His life becomes an inspiration for the young. his precepts a guide for the old. He has marked out new moral paths and pointed the way to new individual and social heights. Because he went through the wilderness of trial and demptation and turned not aside we can better find our way. Because he was so gentle, so honest, so true and so friendly in all the relations of life we can all be gentler and truer, more honest and more friendly than we should have been without his helpful

America als just beginning to know unwavering confidence in the triumpk of right, his contempt of money and all that money can buy, his divine faith in the masses of men, the uncolfishness of his motives and, last and highest of all, his supreme spiritual quality. There are enough lessons in Lincoln to afford profitable study for a century. Mf any man can go to echool to that life and not get over being a snob. a prig or an aristocrat, It will be because the pupil has not enough brains to comprehend what the master in trying to teach.

Already it is mafe to say that no American has been so illustrious since Washington. Concerning none has so much been written, nor has what has been written been so eageriy read. s interest has grown up spontaney from the people themselves. That is the beauty of it. There is nothing forced nor artificial in his fame.

When certain bankers of New York tried to corner the supply of gold during the war, Lincoin rather bastedly said of them that they ought to have their "infernal heads shot off." He attered other opinions in kind. About the only really biting things the Mazarene ever said concerned the "sembles. Pharisees and hypocrites," and in the same way the most caustic of Lincoln's remarks related to the money changers and other like gentry who are the modern counterparts of those denounced by the Master. Lincoin had enough real insight to see just who are the werst enemies of the human race.

No, it is not from these that the phenomenal growth of Lincoln sentiment has come. It is from the tellers in the fields, the shops and the mines, from the lewly race be freed, from the solfiers he befriended, from the young to whom he gave inspiration, from the average man and average woman, who felt in him a brother and a friend.

One of the manifestations of the Lincoln wave that has swept the country has been seen in the celebration of his birthday. This was by no means general at first, but was spontaneously taken up by societies and soldiers' posts, finally by states and a few years since was made a holiday by the national government. It has now culminated in making his birthplace a shrine and his centenary a worldwide cele-

As America grows more democratic. as all forms of slavery disappear, as genuine manhood and womanhood are more highly prized, as forms are abandoned and spirituality becomes maniare enthroned, as the plain people come to their own and as men grow in their ove of truth, of righteousness and of mercy, the fame of Abraham Lincoln and his influence over his country will Increase, for of all these things he was the champion and the exemplar.

Lincoln and Lincoln at Home Other Great Souls

1809-The Lincoln Centenary-1909

By JAMES A. EDGERTON.

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THERE IS

nating than to

compare the lead-

ers of various

ages, except to

compare those

ages themselves.

It is not correct

to say that "his-

tory repeats it-

self." Nothing in

nature or in bu-

man progress is

a repetition of

anything that has

ever been before

Rather history

seems to advance

in a spiral, thus

going through

the same phases

but ever in a

larger way. The

parallels resulting

are often star-

between times,

nothing

more fasci-



LENCOLN THE LIBER- tling, not only

but between men who were the chief

figures of those times. Lincoln was so peculiarly a child of our American democracy, however, that it is difficult to find his antetype.

The most obvious parallel to Lincoln is Moses. It is to be haped that nobody will be shocked by such a comparison, and it is confidently believed that nobody but a lip server will be There is no character in all time that will suffer any real hurt by being associated with the name of Abraham Lincoln.

The chief element in the fame of both Moses and Lincoln is that of liberator. Each led an enslaved race from bondage. The most notable thing in the character of each was his meekness. Both reached the place from which be could view the promised land, but neither was fated to

There are some points of resem blance between the character of Lincoln and that of Constantine, the first Christian emperor. Both were generous, mild and pure in private life. Constantine himself was a sort of liberator, since he freed the ently Christians from the bloody persecutions that had pursued them for 300 years. Not only so, but his constant cry was for union-union of the empire and union of all Christian bodies into one. Constantine, like Moses, was a great lawgiver. He was an intrepid warrior, a strong executive and for Lincoln. Sine has yet to learn the real the larger part of his life exercised depth of his political philosophy, his clemency and mercy. Unfortunately two crimes stain his last years. His marriage was unbappy, and his wife poisoned his mind against his son thy another wife. As a consequence this son was put to death. Then, in a fit of profound remorse, Constantine ordered the death of his wife as a retribution In many aspects, thowever, he was the greatest and best emperor of Rome. His memory was not fairly treated by the pagan writers.

This line of comparison could be carried forward indefinitely, but will mot be pursued further for the reason that it may not be:as interesting to the seader as it is to the writer. Measuring one greet soultby another helps us to gain a juster estimate of both. It silso increases our lave for their common humanity. It shows us that no age and no character are remote, but may be interpreted in the terms and types of stoday. It Illustrates one character by:another, re-enforces by resemblance and brings into cleaver relief by contrasts. It shows us that all humanity is one humanity, that all the past is included in the present and that the things we love about great men are immertal, for they are the same in those of 1,000 or 3,000 years ago and

in these of our own time. The man who first sees a lofty mountain does not realize its majesty nor proportions. It is niv after he studies it from every angle, cambs over it, lives with it and compares it to other mountains that he gains a just estimate. It is even so with studying great souls, who are the mountain peaks of history. We must see them without and within, view them from every angle, live with them, dream of them and compare them with others who have blessed or advanced the race before we can come to appreciate their true size.

It is only genuine greatness that can stand this process of intimate study and comparison with the highest standards of the ages. Abraham Lincoln does not suffer by this method of investigation. Indeed, it but enhances his fine, strong, simple and high qualities. It is this which makes it certain beyond question that he is a man for all time. His fame will wear. He spoke often of the slavery contest being a "durable struggle." Likewise was he made of durable stuff. He is universal enough to measure to all men. He is as lowly as the most lowly and tall enough of soul to stand up with the tallest. He has nothing to fear from comparison with Caesars or fest, as mercy, charity and brotherhood saints, with prophets or sages. There was nothing false about him, and all real manhood can hold up its head unabashed in the presence of all other real manhood. Lincoln himself was a prophet of democracy, a saint of mercy and a Caesar who used his great pow-er only to extend the freedom of man.

TALKS ON ADVERTISING

IV.—Creating **Demand For Goods**

By Henry Herbert Huff

COPYRIGHT, 1909, BY AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION

"Mr. Business Man, you spoke of your trouble in interesting patrons in new and quality merchandise."

"Yes; these show up more profit than 'staples,' but for some reason they do not sell readily."

"Here is your greatest opportunity to utilize good advertising. Study the mail order catalogues. You can get many ideas from them. Note the complete descriptions, the catchy headlines. the attractive cuts. This is a forceful example of the creative side of advertising. Good newspaper publicity has a double effect-(1) to take trade from less energetic competitors and give it to the one who advertises and (2) to make more business. If a well written ad. so presents the advantages of possessing a talking machine, for instance, that some one becomes interested and buys one, hasn't it made more business? If the buyer had not thus been convinced of his need for one, he might never have made such a purchase. That is just what advertising is doing for the retailer and general advertiser alike."

"And it will interest my patrons in good clothes?" "Certainly. People dress so much better today than ever before, largely through the influence of advertising. Style depends wery much upon it for existence. Practically all of our knowledge of fashion and what is newest and best in the world's markets comes to us through the newspaper and magazine ad. The public is interested and quite eager to read. Let the local merchant talk about such things in his ads., and he can make a demand for new and quality goods. Readers need first to be shown WHY they should possess any particular article, WHY they should dress better, WHY they should put in a furnace, WHY they should buy a kitchen cabinet. This study of 'selling points' will come later on. Take the matter of good clothes. One of those illustrations, such as are furnished to the trade by wholesale clothing makers, pictures the wearer with such a stylish, clean cut, well groomed appearance enough to make any man want to dress better, particularly if helped along with clinching arguments. People need to be TOLD what they want and should have."

"And quality"-"People need to be CONVINCED that the quality article is the most economical. Advertising carries your arguments to the buyer. Often merchandise is claimed to 'sell on sight.' This is rarely true. Most any article needs to have its good points presented before the reader acquires a desire for it.

"Every man in business is an egotist. He believes he can furnish his customers merchandise of better quality at less cost or in a more satisfactory way than anybody else. He has no reason to expect patronage except that he offers some greater inducement than do his competitors. He needs to tell the public WHAT he has to sell and WHY they should buy it of him."

LESSONS IN PANICS

ABOUT FINANCIAL DEPRESSION.

LOCAL WELFARE NEGLECTED

During Prosperous Times, Pravision for the Future Is Ignored, and Natural Laws Afterward Exact the Penalty.

During the mast ten years the business of the United States has increased in greater ratio than the population. The wealth of the country has also expanded in a like manner. Alarm has been expressed in the public press and from the rostrums as to the danger of the mammoth accumulations of wealth by a few in control of different industries. Great stress is laid upon the contention that in these vast accumulations of individual wealth there are elements that menace our free institutions.

How came about this aggregation of great wealth is a question that suggests itself. What particular conditions allowed the aggregation such pyramids of money? Money is merely a representative of value, a medium for the exchange of commodities necessary in civilization. The values represented by money have as their standard labor, service, benefits. That there is danger in the sequestering of the circulating medium of the land and its equivalent in property, cannot be well denied. He who gains great wealth by exceptional or superior talents and by honest effort in combining circumstances to work to his advantage, is as much entitled to this wealth as is the toiler whose ability to do is limited to the earning of a few paltry dollars daily. But it is what can be done with vast wealth that is the question! It can be used for either good or evil. It depends upon the individual who possesses it. Money is a power for good as well as being "the root of all evil."

During the past decade the United States has never been more prosperous. Within the past few months there has been financial stringency, a reaction and a swinging back of the pendulum in a compensating way. This to the logician is merely the result of the workings of natural law. The husbandman does not always expect under natural conditions equal crops. A succession of large crops covering a period of four or five years will most likely be followed by poorer crops for a season or two. Financial successes as well as panics alternate. There is a period of progress beyond the ordinary and then a decline. But it is possible for natural laws to be directed in a manner to

better serve the people. Such wizards of progeneration and properly directing these laws, has brought into exist-PEOPLE ASSIST IN BRINGING ence highest perfection in plant life. By a like exercise of high intelligence lations of wealth, or rather to centrol munity, State and Nation." the distribution of wealth and to pro- A most desirable help, is a nontect against so-called panics.

duty to the sections wherein they reside, and have allowed systems to withdraw to the large financial coenand stability to the country in a com- Weekly known to them. mercial way, by manipulations of those in control of them, by stock gambling and other forms of speculation, have evil elements which attach the stigma of dishonesty to great combinations for contrai of industries.

While the per capita production of wealth within the United States has been gneat, it is evifient that the masses of those who have created it by their labor have not received their full quota of compensation. For this the workers themselves are to blame. They have assisted along the unequal distribution of their earnings by ignoring simple principles of economy; and by so doing they have helped concentrate the wealth of the land in the hands of a comparative few. Were the money invested and spent in the large cities by the people of agricultural communities, invested in local enterprises, just so much would have been done to guard against concentration. Were the millions sent to the large cities for goods, that might as well be purchased at home, retained within the communities where the dollars were earned, the distribution of wealth would be more equitable.

Thus it can be seen that the producers, the workers, the masses in the agricultural districts have carelessly assisted in bringing about conditions bordering upon panic. Depression in financial lines works to the detriment of the poorer classes. When there is a scarcity of circulating medium, prices are forced to the lowest level. Thus those with money can buy at lowest prices. When the pendulum swings the other way and values advance, the fortunate possessor of wealth who bought in a low

market finds his wealth increased. Panics can be averted by the masses if only proper judgment be used during times of prosperity, and provision made for equalization and for few contingencies. In each local community this can be provided for best by keeping within that community the surplus earnings of the people instead of sending the surplus elsewhere. The remedy

Something to Crow Over



in your live stock if you fatten them with our choice feed and grain. Every meal you feed them will show an improvement. It doesn't cost you anything to prove or disprove this statement. Just give us your next order and watch the result. You'll not have to pay us

Agent for Vulcan Plows.

any more than you are paying now.

J. R. Martin Coal and Supply Co.

People's State Bank

CAPITAL. \$100,000

This bank began business less than three years ago, just in the beginning of the financial depresaon. Notwithstanding the hard times there has been : steady growth fro 'he start, in the number of our depositors, and a the volume of our business. We enroll new names every week. We want yours. You are coatially invited to open an account with us. Personal attenion to all business.

J. M. HCDGKIN, Cashier.

J. L. BROWN. President.

L. B. COCKRELL, Vice President.

THE VERY BEST.

Have any of our readers seen a re cent copy of the Cincinnati Weekly Enquirer? If not, it will pay to No. 26, Daily Ex Sun. . . 8:42 a. m. send for a copy, if for no other pur. No. 22, Daily11:57 a. m. pose than to note its present great No. 28, Daily Ex. Sunday 6:30 p. m. worth as an educator in all things No. 24, Daily ... 9:25 p. m. that tend to make life prosperous, and home, the happiest place on

The editor by asking its readers to criticise and suggest improvements; and following advice thus obtained is enabled to produce a paper that exactly fits needs of a LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE family and a material aid to father, mother and children in reaching that higher level in social life, where content and comfort reigns

Father obtains ample information that guides in the where, when and how to regulate and increase the income from his efforts. The mother in management of household affairs, practical economy, government of children, and other duties that makes her toil a labor of love. Children's minds and hearts are freed from thoughts of 5:06 a. m. questimable amusements and friemulate all that is helpful in plan- 7:23 a. m. ing for a useful future in life.

Grand 1 dea dei it is possible to control the accummu- are our Homes, so will be the Com-

sectarian sermon each week, as The United States has 86,000,000 of preached by that Biblical Student Nos. 9 and 10, which are daily, expeople. Three-fifths of these people Pastor Chas. T. Russell; a forcible cept Sunday. reside outside of large efties and reminder of the spiritual and temtowns. With prosperity coming to poral rewards gained by righteous them they have been neglectful of a living as preferable to a Godless life that brings nought but misery to the home.

ters their surplus earnings. These Other departments and features earnings have found their way as in are above the ordinary, the unanivestments in large corporations. These mons verdict of its readers being: large corporations, which give strength "The cleanest and best family

Sample copies may be had by writing to the ENQUIRER COMPANY, Cincinnati. O.

Capital, . . . \$100,000 Undivided Profits, \$160,000 -THE-

Winchester Bank

WINCHESTER, KY.

N. H. WITHERSPOON. PRESIDENT.

> CASHIER. **SOLIGITS YOUR**

W. R. SPHAR,

ACCOUNTS.

WINCHESTER TAILORING COMPANY. M. & C H. McKINNEY, Props.

Clother Cleaned, Pressed and Repaired DRY CLEANING AND DYING A W. Cor. Main and Fairfax.

Good Meat, But Poor Cooks. Garrick: Heaven sends us good meat but the devil sends cooks.

TRAIN SCHEDULE.

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO.

Eastbound.

Westbound.

No. 27, Daily Ex. Sunday 6:22 a. m. No. 21, Daily 8:03 a. m. No. 25, Daily Ex. Sunday 2:50 p. m No. 23, Daily ... 4:38 p. m

Southbound.

No. 37-Cincinnati-Knoxville loal, 10:00 a. m. No. -33-Cincinnati-Jacksonville

imited, 10:57 a. m. No. 9-Maysville-Stanford local, with Cincinnati conection at Paris, rrives at 6:32; departs at 6:35 p. m.

No. 31-Cincinnati-Atlanta limite

11:23 p. m. Northbound.

No. 34-Atlanta-Cincinnati limite

No. 10-Stanford-Maysville local, as Burbank, aunderstanding the laws volities of life, and encouraged to conecting at Paris for Cincinnati,

> No. 38-Knoxville-Cineinnati loal, arrives 2:50; departs 2:53 p. No. 32-Jacksonville-Cincinnati limited, 5:45 p. m.

All of these trains will stop at Winchester; also are all daily, except

EXINGTON & EASTERN RY CO.

Time Card. in Effect June 21, 1908.

East Bound		No. 2	No. 4
		Daily	Daily
Stations		P.M.	A.M.
v. Lexington		2:25	1 7:35
		3:05	8:13
L. & E. Junctio		3:20	826
Clay City		3:50	9:02
Stanton		3:58	9:10
Campton Juneti		4:30	9:38
Natural Bridge		4:35	9:43
Torrent		4:47	9:56
Beattyville June	3	5:10	10:17
Athol		5:37	10:45
O. & K. Junction	1	6:05	11:15
Jackson		6:10	11:20
Westbound	Daily	Daily	Sun.
	No.1	No.3.	No.5
	Ex.		
MAN MARKET STATES	Sun.		Only
MASSAGE THE	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.
v. Jackson	6:10	2:20	7:00
0. & K. Junc	6:15	2:25	7:05
		2:52	7:30
Beuttyville June		3:20	7:54
Torrent			8:15
Natural Bridge.			8:26
Campton June			8:28
Stanton			8:54
Clay City	8:25	4:35	9 102
L. & E. June			9.31
Winchester			9:46
r.Lexington	9:55	6:05	10.25

THE FOLLOWING CONNECTIONS ARE MADE DAILY EX-CEPT SUNDAY.

L. & E. Junction-Trains Nos. 1, and 3, will make connection with the C. & O. Ry. for Mt. Sterling. Campton Junction-Trains Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, will connect with the Mountain Central Ry. for passengers

to and from Campton, Ky. Beattyville Junction-Trains Nos and 4 will connection with the L. ? A. Railway for Beattyville, Ky.

O. & K. Junction-Trains Nos. I. and 4 will connect with the O. & K. Railway for Cannel City, Ky., and way stations.

W. A. M'DOWELL, Gen'l Mgr. CHAS. SCOTT, G. P. A.

GERMAN PAPERS NOT OPTIMISTIC

Hope For Good Results From will be even more intense than it was Royal Visit.

BUT HAVE THEIR DOUBTS

ward and Queen Alexandra on Arrival In Berlin and Point Out How Friendship Between England and Germany Could Be Cemented-Others Look on Present Function as Mere Return of Courtesy.

Berlin, Feb. 9 .- The visit of King Edward today is regarded generally moment of the greatest political significance, and with the feeling that it would be an excellent thing for both nations if the meeting of the two monarchs resulted in a mutual understanding tending to allay international tension. From no quarter, however, is the expectation voiced with any confidence that the visit of the English king will produce direct tanwible effects.

King Edward is accompanied by Queen Alexandra, and official circles welcome the royal visitors in the most courtly tone, regarding their



GERMAN EMPEROR. Is Playing Host to British Royalty.

coming to Berlin as a return for the emperor's visit to England, and making no comment on the political importance of the event.

The semi-official Nord Deutsch Allremeine Zeitung in a brief paragraph makes reference to the occasion, saying: "We expect the meeting to demonstration of friendly feeling and will be a further encouragement for all who are striving both in Germany and England against the estrangement of the two nations, and for those who desire to lead the relations in a safe direction. Assiduous efforts will, however, still be necessary in order to attain the goal of enduring friendship, founded upon mutual esteem, between the two greatest civilixed nations. The visit of the British monarchs and the reception accorded them by Germany means progress toward that end. In this belief we hope the coming fest will be untroubled and that the meeting will have favorable after-effects."

The German newspapers in many instances are inclined to view the king's visit as a mere return courtesy, adopting the tone that the British nation is not with the king on his journey to Berlin. At the same time the majority of the articles on this subject are imbued with most friendly politeness.

DOG SHOW TONIGHT

Thousands of Fine Animals to Be on Exhibition in New York.

New York, Feb: 9.-Lovers of dogs will have an opportunity tonight and on three succeeding nights to inspect some of the finest speciments of most of the known breeds at the animal show of the Westminster Kennel club, which begins tonight in Malison Square Garden.

There are thousands of entries in the show, which is expected to be one of the most successful in the thirtyfour years of the club's history.

Says Woman Confessed.

Warren, O., Feb. 9. - Mrs. Abble Cross of Jamestown, N. Y., who has been held on the charge of attempting to poison Mrs. Ida J. Maynard of this city, made a full confession to County Prosecutor Gillmer, according to that official. Prosecutor Gillmer says Mrs. Cross admitted she was infatnated with Mr. Maynard, but her every move was thwarted by Mrs. Maynard.

Menelik Hale and Hearty. Addis Abeba, Abyssinia, Feb. 9.-The local representative of Reuter Telegram company has been officially requested to deny the circulation recently of the serious illness of King Menelik. His majesty is now absent from the capital on an automobile

CHINESE UP IN ARMS

Claim President Discriminates in Favor of Japanese.

San Francisco Feb. 9.—The fight over the passage of the anti-Japanese bills in the lower house of the California legislature will be reopened today, and it is expected the struggle last week, when the struggle was terminated by the dramatic appeal of Speaker Walton for delay.

The latest complication in the controversy which has two nations by the ears is the preparation by the local Chinese of a statement complaining that President Roosevelt is discriminating against their countrymen Extend Cordial Welcome to King Ed- in favor of the Japanese. The memorial, drawn by representatives of the Six Companies, which is the Chinese benevolent association of California, has been telegraphed to the president. The telegram embraces all abridgement of rights under which the Chinese claim to be suffer-A comparison of the governmental treatment of Chinese and Japanese is made and the claim is raised in itself as an event at the present that the latter are clearly favored by the authorities at Washington.

Attorney O. P. Stidger, who drew up the telegram, says it contains a strong protest against the president exerting his power to prevent the segregation of Japanese children in the public schools, while he makes no complaint against the common practice of excluding Chinese from the white schools. The telegram also denounces ae exclusion act, complaining that the emigration inspectors in their enforcement of it continually violate the fourteenth amendment of the constitution.

IMITAT'S BLACK HAND

Wheeling Woman Comes to Grief Through Novel Reading.

Wheeling, Feb. 9. - Mrs. Mary Walker, a domestic/in the household of Thomas B. Sweeney, the business man who received letters demanding \$500 on pain of death, confessed she was the author of the missives. She read a "Black Hand" story in a magazine and decided to play the game

London Wants Wright Brothers. London, Feb. 9.-The Wright brothers, the American aeroplanists, have accepted an invitation to come to London the end of March, when they will be given the gold medal of the Aeronautical Society of Great Britain.

GIVE CRABBERS NO CHANCE AT SURPLUS

House Finance Committee Has Big Bill Ready.

appropriation bill could be introduced in the legislature tomorrow, if neceseffect good in the relations between the house finance committee, which the British and German peoples. The has smashed all previous records in the preparation of such bills. He deof appropriations would aggregate, but it is understood that it will be in the neighborhood of \$7,000,000, and that the intention is to keep the sum appropriated within the revenues of state for the coming year, which it is estimated will be around \$8,000,000. There is now between \$6,000,000 and \$7,000,000 in the state treasury, and the committee does not want this sur-

plus disturbed by the appropriations. The committee is disposed to be liberal with the good roads departof public works, that the canals will not be neglected. The board wants something like half a million dollars for canal improvements and operating expenses, which includes the earnings, for the coming year, but California Legislator Protests Against does not know whether all this will

Ministers Make Protest.

Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 9.-The Methodist and Baptist ministers of southern California adopted resolutions protesting against the anti-Japanese legislation now pending at Sacramento. The position in the matter of President Roosevelt and Governor Gillett and Speaker Stanton is indorsed, and it is "hoped the entire matter will be voted down."

NEGRO MAKES CONFESSION

Admits Killing Mississippi Doctor

After Having Robbed Him. Houston, Miss., Feb. 9 .- Roby Baskin, the 18-year-old negro under arrest here, has confessed to the murder of Dr. W. T. Hudson in Moore's Grove, Saturday morning. He says he shot Dr. Hudson because ae had robbed him and then decided to get him out of the way.

Soldiers Go to Scene.

Okolona, Miss., Feb. 9.-Company M, the local military company of this city, left for Houston, Miss., to protect Roby Baskin, the negro who confessed to assassinating Dr. W. T. Hudson. A mob being formed at Houston was the cause of calling out the soldiers.

Mauretania Lowers Record. Queenstown, Feb. 9.—The Cunard line steamer Mauretania arrived from New York, covering the distance in days, 20 hours and 27 minutes, the best previous record over the long course being 5 days and 5 minutes, made by the same vessel.

SOME OF OUR WORST WINTER WEATHER IS YET TO COME THROUGH FEBRUARY AND MARCH.



Won't you need a new

Suit or Overcoat

to run you through the rest of this winter and next? If so, we have something to say to you on Clothing. You can buy any suit or Overcoat in our store with

OFF

and many of them even much more off. Many of them medium weights that you can wear in all seasons. You can buy a good suit that you can wear in the Spring with

Come in and See the Think it Over. =Clothes=====

We Give S. & H. Green Trading Stamps With these Cut

Allan & Murphy

(Continued from page one.)

and for the reversal by the national government of the present policy. But at present the policy is working well, and until it works badiy it would be a grave misfortune to change it, and

SENATORS INDIGNANT

Resent President's Criticism of California's Senior Member.

Washington, Feb. 9 .- Under the guise of considering the nomination of Dr. W. B. Crum, the negro collec- Crow Taylor. tor of customs at Charleston, S. C., reappointed by President Roosevelt, Koehler. the senate in executive session disoussed the Japanese question. Incidentally the discussion turned upon the reference to Senator Perkins by President Roosevelt in a telegram to Governor Gillett of California, in which he said the senior California senator had hampered the administration in its efforts to build up the sary," said Chairman H. J. Ritter of navy, yet now "advises a policy of wanton insult."

Reference to this statement was made by Senator Tillman, colleague of kinship to which the visit gives rise clined to say how much the budget Senator Perkins on the naval affairs committee, and indignation was shown by other senators because of the attack upon Senator Perkins.

Both California senators took part in the discussion. Senator Perkins made a statement to the effect that he had not been asked by the president to participate in the conferences that have been held concerning the Japanese situation in California. He stated what his position had been on the subject of a big navy, declaring he had always been in favor of a he was against the president's four one of the speakers. battleship program last session.

EXPLAINS SITUATION

Further Japanese Immigration.

senators favored agitation of the anti-Japanese question when the matter was called up by Senator Marc An- acting the best. thony of San Francisco.

mittee on executive communications, es were thrilling. which advises against legislation aimed at the Japanese. Senator Anthony's bill providing

for submitting to the voters at the next state election the question of prohibiting Asiatic immigration was favorably reported. Senator Stanford introduced the

following joint resolution:

"Whereas, the recent attitude of some California officials and others in authority has given the people of the eastern states and other states a wrong impression as to the real sentiment of the Pacific coast relative to the Japanese situation at hand; and

"Whereas, we think it right and proper that the people of this country should be advised as to our true position on the question; therefore, be it

"Resolved, by the senate and by the assembly of the state of California, jointly, that we are unalterably opposed to further Japanese immigration, and urge our representatives in congress to extend the provisions of the Geary exclusion act so as to include Japanese, Koreans, Hindus and all other Asiatics.

"Be it further resolved, that we condemn the proposition to naturalize the Japanese and extend the elective franchise to the alien born of that race as being inimical to the welfare of the American people."

LUMBERMEN'S ASSOCIATION.

To meet in Louisville next week. Winchester people prominent.

Lumbermen from all sections of the when changed it can only be changed State will gather in Louisville next effectively by the national govern week, when the third annual convention of the Kentucky Retail Lumber Dealers' Association is called to order next Tuseday in the Seelbach Hotel.

February 16-11 a. m. Called to order, President George E. Tomlinson.

Annual report of the Secretary, J.

Annual report the Treasurer, Henry

Adjourn to 2 p. m. At 2 p. m. executive session. Annual report of President George E. Tomlinson.

Discussion. Our Competitors, C. H. Sherrill. Appointment of committees.

February 17-10 a. m. Retail Yard Advertising, Brown G.

The Ideal Yard, Curtis Hall. The Shingle Trade, George Hon. Substituting Grades, John F. Frey. Should We Incorporate? Bartley

Skinner. Hardwood Flooring.

Adjourn. 2 O'clock p. m.

Report of committees. General discussion. Election and installation of officers.

Director's meeting. At night there will be a banquet. ment and has assured the state board steady growth of a navy, even though Hon. J. E. Garner of this city, will be

"The Wolf."

The play last night was one of the finest ever seen in the Winchester Sacramento, Cal., Feb. 9.—Only five Opera House. The scenery was upto-date, the costumes good and the

The play revolved around a young The senate decided by a vote of Scotch-Swede girl, who was loved, in 25 to 5 to defer until next Thursday different ways, by a young American, its action upon the report of the com- and a French-Canadian. The climax-

This production is not to be sur-

FORD.

Mr. R. J. Moberly was in Winchester last Saturday on business.

Miss Carrie Lee Warner, of Winchester, is the guest of Mrs. Algin Fielder, of this place.

Mr. G. W. Ogden, Jr., left Monday for Paris, where he hasaccepted a position with a grocery firm.

Misses Armina Sewell and Lizzie Wilson, who are attending college at Richmond, visited the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Sewell, from Saturday until Monday.

Dr. D. J. Williams was in Washington the past week, on business. Quite a number from this place attended the funeral of George Reed,

last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Steven Dunn are visiting relatives in Valley View. Born, February 3, to Mr. and Mrs.

Jess Wilson, a son. Miss Stella Reed visited relatives in Winchester the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Wilcox, of Four Mile, visited relatives in Ford Saturday.

Mr. J. A. Edwards was in Lexington Sunday and Monday.

Mr. Martin Lisle, of Madison county, was in Ford last Saturday night mingling with his many friends.

Fred Harden is suffering from a severe stab given him by a colored boy, Leroy Duett, last Thursday night. W. A. Brown was in Winchester

Saturday. Some men will work harder to get

even than to get money.

FOR SALE .- One organ, good as new. W. C. TODD. 2-9-3t.

FOR SALE .- One good milch cow with young calf. TODD BROS.

PUBLIC SALE .- Mrs. E. W. Ramsey will at her residence on East Broad- FOR SALE .- Coal at 21 North Main way, on Saturday, February 13th, expose to public sale, all of her household and kitchen furniture. Sale at 2 o'clock p. m., prompt. 2-9-3t.

Eagle Casting Co., WINCHESTER, HY.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Gray Iron, Semi Steel, Thermit Steel Alluminum, Brass, and Bronze Castings of all kinds.

Drawings, Specifications and Blue Prints.

WE ARE ALSO AGENTS FOR-

All kinds of Structural Steel Shapes.

F. G. CORNELL. Gen'l Manager.

CLASSIFIED COLUMN.

Classified-Per Word.

One-half cent per word per insertion, 5 cents per calender month. Nothing counted less than 20 words. No item charged on books for less than 25 cents.

There continuous insertions of same item at double the one-time rate. For 250 lines or more used within one year; 4 cents a

FOR RENT. 3 rooms, Winn ave.\$10 00 rooms, Winn ave. 8 00 rooms, Jefferson st. 7 00 rooms, Main st. 12 00 rooms, Main st. 20 00

THE REAL ESTATE MAN

WANTED .- Good second-hand piano. must be bought cheap. Apply at this office. 2-8-1t.

FOUND .- On corner of Highland and Hickman street Thursday, a black belt with silver buckle. Owner can have same by calling at this office and identifying same and paying for this advertisement. 2-5-3t.

WANTED .- Fifty barrels good sound corn on ear, delivered to my farm on Paris pike. Address Hume Clay, Route No. 1, Winches-2-5-3t.

OUND .- A bunch of keys in the Brown-Proctoria Hotel barber shop. Owner can have same by calling at the News office and paying for this ad.

LOST .- Sunday morning between Baptist church and L. & N. crossing on East Broadway, a pin set with three carbuncles. Return to Miss Cassie Conkwright and receive reward.

2-4-3t.

WANTED .- At once, 500 skunk hides and other raw furs. For par-ticulars address Hart & Coyle, Owingsville, Ky. 2-4-6t.

FOR RENT.—Cottage on Lexington avenue. Apply Mrs. Rachel Ecton.

LOST .- Black silk scarf found on Maple street some little time ago. Owner can have same by paying for this advertisement and calling on Mr. A. H. Sympson.

2-1-tf.

WANTED .- Boarders, or a room for rent. Apply to Mrs. O. M. Flynn, 133 West Hickman street. 1-30-3t.

FOR SALE .- One-half lot, 28X26, in Winchester Cemetery. J. A. HAT-TON, Home 'phone 853-3.

STRAYED .- From Pine Grove, January 25th, 1 red cow and 2 heifers, marked "X I" with tar. \$10 reward for their return to FRANK_ STIVERS, Athens, Ky.,

FOR SALE OR RENT.-House of four rooms in North Park. Apply to R. M. CLARK, 151 Magnolia avenue. 2-8-3t.-Mon.-Wed-Fri.

FOR SALE .- 50 to 200 bushels, best Jellico coal at 11 cents per bushel at 21 North Main street. 2-6-5t.

street. You will be pleased with

both quality and price. 1-19-1mo. FOR SALE .- Grocery and meat shop,

paying business. Terms reason-

able. Address W. A. B. this office.

1-14-tf. WANTED .- To take orders for making cakes, beaten biscuit, rolls, timbales and rosettes. MISS LUCY COLEMAN BROWNING, 218 Col-

1-12-1mo. FOR SALE.—Cheap, graphophone, and about 30 records, also large Morning Glory horn. Address N. R. B. this office. 1-9-tf.

lege street. Home 'phone 654.

WANTED .- To buy furs, scrap iron, and all kinds of metal. Best buyer in town. Chas. Zigman, Main and Washington.

1-19-1mo.

FOUND .- Coral pin on Main street. Owner may have same by calling at this office and paying for advertisement.

1-25-tf.

THE NEWS by mail \$3 a year.